HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.
Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,204 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1890.

McEWAN'S BEER.
As supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 37, per Hhd.
The finest Draught Beer shipped to Australia and the East.
CUTLER, PALMER AND CO., AGENTS

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
† SIAM	3041	500	H.T. Weighell...	22nd Aug.
R.I. SUTLEJ	4265	800	G. W. F. Browne	29th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber..	5th Sept.
R.I. MALWA	2270	500	W. J. Nantes.....	12th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H.T. Weighell...	19th "
				Saturday.
R.I. PEKIN	3908	700	P. Harris	27th Sept
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber...	4th Oct.
R.I. GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton ..	11th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell..	18th "
R.I. PESHAWUR	3927	800	L. H. Moule	25th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber ...	1st Nov.
R.I. PENINSULAR	5615	1000	H. Wyatt	8th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell..	15th "
R.I. ARCADIA	6362	1500	W. B. Andrews, R.N. R.	22nd "

The steamers marked R. I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Mazagon Dockyard at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	1890.
PESHAWUR...	3927	800	L. H. Moule....	28th Aug.
ROHILLA	3511	800	M. de Horne ...	11th Sept.
ROSETTA	3038	500	G. W. Brady	25th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 16th July, 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th August 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO..	5,000	800	10th Sept.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	1st Oct.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th Oct.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	On the 8th September, 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

R. PESCIO,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Aug. 8, 1890.

USTRO- HUNGARIAN

LOYD'S S. N. Co.

M TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

ners.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Sept.
ATOR	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	750	1st Oct.

con and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at especially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MEDUSA	G. Costanzo...	3,800	550	15th Sept.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MELICOMENE.....	G. Vallusching	3,800	550	25th Aug. '90.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
23rd July, 1890.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons H.P.	To sail.
S.S. WERNETH HALL, A.Buck..		1,100	500, about 16th Aug.

THIS Steamer has accomodation for a Limited number of passengers at moderate rates, does not carry surgeon or stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the engines.
For further particulars, apply to,

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Bombay, 30th July, 1890. Agents.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., LD.
ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM, and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also especially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number o Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. Twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

A BOON TO MEN

Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY Loss of Vigour, Exhausted Vitality, Kidney Diseases, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 240, High Holborn, LONDON.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a. m., on 17th AUGUST, after arrival of incoming, English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder, Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, and Bussreh, in foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA" 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th August.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 21st August, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR PLYMOUTH, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about 19th August.

FOR ZANZIBAR., MOMBASSA, AND LAMOO.

THE S. S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on or about 20th August.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 15th August, 1890. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reduction to Family Parties and Missionaries.
Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports.
Through Booking *via* Japan, America, Australasia, &c
Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta : 11, Old Court-House Street.

THE UPPER RHINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED,
CAPITAL 6,000,000 REICHMARKS.
RESERVE FUND 2,00,000 REICHMARKS.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS for the above Company and are prepared to issue POLICIES on the most favorable terms.

WARDEN AND Co.
27, Hummum Street.

FOR SALE.

A STRONG elegant Phaeton in excellent order and a pair of fast-trotting Cabuli horses. Believed sound. One carries a lady. Owner gone to England. Lot or separate. Apply to Mr. KIRKHAM, Char Bungalows, Poona.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 30 per month, including horse-keeper, Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15 ; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English farrier and every class of shoeing done.

CHARLES & CO.
TINSMITHS, COPPERSMITH AND ELECTRO-PLATERS.

HEAD OFFICE : BYCULLA, BRANCH OFFICE : MEDOW STREET, FORT.

CHARLES & Co., beg to inform Managers of Hotels, Messes, Clubs and the public in general that they undertake to Electroplate Household Articles. The services of an experienced hand have been secured.
In prices we defy competition.
A trial order solicited. Outstations orders will be promptly attended to.

CHARLES & Co.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORM TABLETS.

A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus.

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, if either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors : THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT

WEBLEY'S NEW AR[illegible] REGULATION REVOL[illegible]
476 bore Rs. 90 and 95.

TREACHER AND Co., Ld.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

RARE OPPORTUNITY
TO
LOVERS OF ART.

SUPERB and highly artistic OIL PAINTING entitled "A LOVE SONG" by Andreoth in gold frame for only Rs. 500. Length 4 feet 3 inches. Breadth 3 feet 9 inches. Imported by the WESTERN INDIA TRADING Co., can be seen at

DINSHAW M. DUSTOOR,
93, MEDOW STREET, BOMBAY.
(Opposite Phillips & Co., Ld.)

PERSONS who wish to obtain a fine RUBY from 1½ to 3 carats each, either loose or mounted in a Ring at a very reasonable price, may make their selection at Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., 13, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H.M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co. London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCK and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected; Marine, Fire, and Life
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

EASTERN MORTGAGE AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.
CAPITAL £1,000,250.

ADVANCES made as a first charge upon Mortgage of Freeholds, Stocks, Shares, and other approved securities.
STATE, Municipal, and other PUBLIC LOANS negotiated and issued upon the London market.
For all particulars apply direct to
RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Agents.
11, EL PHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

GEO. HODSON,
NURSERY GARDEN AND SEED STORE.
17, RESIDENCY ROAD, BANGALORE.
FLOWERS, PLANTS, AND SEEDS
Of all descriptions sent to any part of India.
TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.
TERMS CASH.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO.'s SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
and New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres:
All exquisite Fabrics, renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear,
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain and Salt Water, in Light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully Packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.
TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.
STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.
GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.
HANDBOOKS sent free on application.
LONDON HOUSE.
WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
27, LEADENHALL STREET.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 18 for one year, 9 for 6 months, 4½ for 3 months. Re. 1-8 per month, in advance, postage extra.

GYMKHANA KIT.

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTION IN INDIA.

CRICKET KIT.

		Rs.	a.
B[illegible]	Cane C quality ..... each	8	0
[illegible]	Cane B quality ..... "	9	8
[illegible]	Cane A quality ..... "	11	8
[illegible]	Cane, Cobbett's ..... "	13	0
Fro[illegible]	Driver ..... "	16	0
Pate[illegible]	Exceller ..... "	13	8
BAT[illegible]	Boys' ..... each Re. 1-10 to	3	0
STUMPS for Boys' use ..... Per set		2	4
Do.	Plain Polished Ash with Balls "	3	4
Do.	with Brass Ferrules ..... "	3	8
Do.	do. and Iron Points... "	6	8
NETS, for long stopping, 6 yards long, by 2 yards high, with Poles, Ferrules, Ropes, &c ..... each		12	0
Boys' Set, complete in box		10	0

		Rs.	a.
BALLS, Duke's Double Seam ..... each		3	8
Do.	do. Treble Seam ..... "	4	8
Do.	Treacher and Co.'s Double Seam "	3	8
Do.	do. Treble Seam. "	4	8
Do.	do. Four Seam Registered Pattern, the finest manufactured ..... "	5	4
Do.	Boys' ..... each Re. 1-8 to	2	0
WICKET-KEEPING GAUNTLETS, of superior quality, and well ventilated. Per pair		6	8
BATTING GLOVES, best improved Vulcanised Tubular India rubber ... "		6	8
BAGS for carrying Cricket Kit, strong Green Cloth, Leather Binding, Brass Lock ..... "		13	0
LEG GUARDS, Chamois Skin..... Rs. 6-8 to		10	0
SHOES, fitted with Spikes..... "		11	0

LAWN-TENNIS KIT.

		Rs.	a.
BATS, best English make, Men's.....each		6	8
Do.	do. Cork-handled, Men's "	8	8
Do.	do. Champion Match, Plain Strung..... "	9	0
Do.	do. do. Double Strung "	11	0
Do.	do. do. Cork-handled. "	10	0
Do.	Treacher's "No Plus Ultra," the Latest Pattern ..... "	11	0
Do.	The Demon, Slazenger's ..... "	11	8
Do.	The Victor, Fortnam's ..... "	12	8
Do.	Cane and Ash ..... "	12	8
Do.	Ayre's Champion ..... "	12	0

		Rs.	a.
BALLS, best Flannel covered, Match. per doz.		8	0
Do.	do. Waterproof, Seamless, perfect, the best Ball yet introduced ..... "	12	8
Do.	Ayre's do. ..... "	11	0
A complete set consisting of 4 best Ash Bats, 6 covered India-rubber Balls, strong Cord Net with Poles, Stay Ropes, Pegs, &c., and Book of Instruction, in dealwood case .....per set		45	0
NETS, Strong Cord, with Poles complete, 42 by 3½, Regulation Club..... each		11	0
PRESSES, in plain mahogany, with Screws ..... "		8	0
SHOES, Gentlemen's, with plain or corrugated India-rubber Soles .....per pair		11	0

FOOT-BALL.

	Rs.	a.
ASSOCIATION BALLS, Vulcanized India-rubber, covered with best hide leather, specially dressed ..... each	6	12
No. 4—28 in. circumference ..... "	7	12
No. 5—28 in. do. ..... "	8	12
No. 6—30 in. do. ..... "	9	8
No. 7—32 in. do.		
RUGBY BALLS, Nos. and Price annas 8 less than the above.		

GOLF.

	Rs.	a.
BALLS, Nos. 26, 27, 27½ and 28.....per doz.	9	8
CLEEKS ..... each	5	4
IRONS, Lofting or Pitching..... "	5	4
IRON or Brass Niblicks ..... "	5	4
PLAY CLUBS ..... "	4	4
PUTTERS ..... "	4	4
SPOONS, Long, Middle, Short & Brassy "	4	4

RACKETS, FENCING, QUOITS, FISHING TACKLE,
BADMINTON, FIVES, POLO, SPORTING AMMUNITION.

COMPLETE LISTS FREE BY R. O. P.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

MONSOON—1890 REQUIREMENTS.
HIGH CLASS WATERPROOF GOODS
SUPERIOR AND RELIABLE.

	Rs.	a.
"THE DERRY" Guaranteed Waterproof Coats, IN ALL SIZES	9	8
"THE CLARENCE" Guaranteed Waterproof Coat, a Fashionable well-cut Garment, Double Texture on Tweed, SEWN SEAMS, Thoroughly Water-tight and Durable, All sizes, from	25	0
"THE LANSDOWNE" Guaranteed Waterproof Coat, a Superior Double Texture on Tweed, Stylish Shape, SEWN SEAMS, Stormproof, a most reliable article, All sizes, from	30	0
"THE FIFE" Guaranteed Waterproof Coat, with Cape, SEWN SEAMS, the most approved and "Trustworthy Coat" produced, from	33	0
"REGULATION CLOAKS" For Officers, Correct Pattern, Thoroughly Waterproof, SEWN SEAMS, a highly finished article, the only shape equally comfortable and effective for Walking, Riding and Driving, from	34	0
WATERPROOF Black Twill or Check Driving Aprons, with Straps	10	8
WATERPROOF Drab Twill or Check Driving Aprons, with Straps	10	8
WATERPROOF Ground Sheets with Eyelets, 6 by 6.....	13	8
WATERPROOF Drab Sheeting, 60 inches wide, per yard	6	0

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH OR V. P. P.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY, POONA, & SECUNDERABAD.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES.

450 Bore Sporting, 9 Shots.....	.....	Rs. 100.
500 " Express, 5 do.	.....	Rs. 150. ; plain quality, Rs. 110.
450 " Single Express (taking 125 grains powder)	.....	Rs. 65.
500 " do.	.....	Rs. 65.

AMMUNITION AND RE-LOADING TOOLS FOR ABOVE KEPT IN STOCK.
Apply to

KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonizing death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

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PILULÆ VITÆ, OR
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The most wonderful Pills in the world for Biliousness and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of *either sex*, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.
Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them, and never leave home without them : an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

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WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
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The Great European Remedy for Spermatorrhœa, Exhaustion, Nervousness, Debility, Incapacity, Loss of Memory, and all those diseases for which Mercury, Sarsaparilla, &c., are not only employed in vain, but too often to the utter destruction of the sufferer's health. To the people of India, and similar enervating climates, as also to those who by indiscretion in early life, have ruined their constitutions, this miraculous life-reviving tonic will give, as it were, a new existence. This medicine strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, speedily removes nervous fears, renovates the impaired powers of life, and gradually invigorates the most shattered constitution. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary ; the aged and infirm ; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price, 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle, of all the principal Merchants in India.
Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. De Roos' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, without which none can possibly be genuine.

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TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
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N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under special discount.

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IN consequence of the present favourable Rate of Exchange, MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., Limited, have pleasure in intimating to the Public that they have made an all-round Reduction on the Prices of their Goods of 15 per cent.

15 per cent. on GOLD WATCHES.
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KAISER BREWERY.
BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).
THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.
N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the labels without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.
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GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY,
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, SUB-AGENT.
Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and Discount to the Trade.

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ELBERFELD.
NEW SYNTHETIC REMEDIES.

PHENACETIN-BAYER—New Remedy for FEVER & HEADACHE.
In ½ oz. and 1 oz. Bottles, and Lozenges 8 gr. and 4 gr.

The New Remedy for Sleeplessness—**SULPHONAL-BAYER.**
In ½ oz. and 1 oz. Bottles, and Lozenges 16 gr. and 8 gr.

ARISTOL—NEW ODOURLESS AND NON-POISONOUS SUBSTITUTE FOR ODOFORM.
In 1oz. Original Bottles only.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
KEMP AND Co., LD., BOMBAY.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that matchless remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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ARIEL ESTATER LADY FLOATING IN MID-AIR

Who whilst plunged in a deep Magnetic sleep floats gracefully in the air, unsupported by any wires and replies to questions put. This Lady who was exhibited before overflowing thousands every night in the Royal Tivoli Gardens, Calcutta, was commented on as being "a marvel"!! No one should therefore fail to see. Open from 1 to 2 and 3 to 10 p.m. EVERY DAY.

ADMISSION, ANNAS 4 ONLY.

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BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on
ARMENIA	3,295	G. Reid	23rd Aug.

THE above steamer has been built to the highest Class and is specially adapted to the East Indian trade, first staterooms being situated on the Upper deck. She carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess and all the conveniences for an Invalid passage are supplied.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay. Bombay, 12th August, 1890.

THE SUN MILL, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the registered Office of the Company, 320, Mint Road, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of August, 1890, at 3 p.m. to transact the following business :—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 30th June, 1890.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To confirm the nomination of Mr. Kessowjee Veerjee as an additional Director of the Company.
4. To elect a Director for the ensuing year in the place of one who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint an Auditor for the ensuing year and fix his remuneration.
6. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

Notice is also hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 16th instant to the 6th Proximo, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
આપાર વીરજની કું૦
i. e. ASSUR VEERJEE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 4th August 1890.

THACKER & COMPANY, Ld.

ETCHINGS OF BOMBAY.

A COLLECTION of TWELVE BEAUTIFUL ETCHINGS in two series of six each comprising the followiug views :—

No. 1—The Victoria Terminus.
The Esplanade Road.
University Hall, Library and Clock Tower.
Secretariat.
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Pydhonee.

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Parsee Towers of Silence.
Entrance to Elephanta Caves.
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"Very charming etchings of places of note in the City and Presidency, which deserve to become at once popular. All are executed in a high style of Art, the gradations of light and shade being admirably managed, and the delait conspicuously delicate and clear."—*Times of India.*

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Complete series of 12	Rs. 5
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Artists proofs in cloth portfolio each signed by the Artist (complete set of 12)	„ 20
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BALMATHA WEAVING ESTABLISHMENT, MANGALORE.

			Rs.	a.
Damask	Table Cloth	5½ ft. by 5½ ft.	3	4
Do.	do.	5½ by 7½	4	6
Do.	do.	6 by 8	5	6
Do.	do.	6½ by 8	6	0
Do.	do.	7 by 7	5	8
Do.	do.	7 by 9	7	0
Do.	do.	7½ by 7½	6	4

Shikar Cloth from 12½ to 15 annas per yard, width 27 inches; length 28 yards.

WARDEN & Co.,
Sole Agents.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 212 OF 1889.

The Honorable FRANCES LAW LATHAM, Her Majesty's Advocate General at Bombay, at the relation of SODERJI JAMSETJI ALLM and LUKMMIDAS HURBHUM, of Bombay Hindu Merchants, residing at Khaduck, outside the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiffs.

vs.

GANGJI AKHAI of Bombay, Hindoo Merchant, residing at Khudnck outside the Fort of Bom-ay, and NENSAL wid-w of TRIKUNJI BURJI deceased, Hindoo inhabitant of Bombay, residing at Khuduck aforesaid.....Defendants.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS there were inter alia Government Promissory notes of the 4 per cent Loan of the nominal value of Rupees 65,000 belonging to and forming a part of the estate of one Mohanji Hirji deceased, of which the defendant Gangji Akhai is the sole Executor *And whereas* the said notes which are believed to be standing in the name of the defendant Gangji Akhai have now been found missing and the said defendant does not account for the same *Notice* is therefore hereby given to the Public warning all persons against purchasing, accepting or holding from the said Gangji Akhai or Nenbai or any person or persons on his or her behalf or otherwise, or drawing interest on or in any wise dealing with any Government Promissory notes standing in the name of the said Gangji Akhai or on which any endorsement appears purporting to be made by or in the name of the said Gangji Akhai.

The said defendants have been restrained by an interim injunction of the Court from disposing of or in any wise dealing with inner alia the said Government Promissory notes.

All persons, in whose possession there may be any of the notes so standing or indorsed in the name aforesaid, are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned forthwith at their office, No. 91, Meadow, Street, Fort.

The Public Debt Office has been requested to stop interest on the said Government Promissory notes.

On inquiry at the Public Debt office, it has been discovered that interest was last drawn by the Defendant Gangji Akhai on Government Promissory notes of the nominal value of Rs. 50,000, and the numbers thereof are as follows :—

Loan.	Nos. of Notes.	Amount of Note.	Half years.
4 per cent. 1842-43	102451	1,000	91st and 92nd ending 31st January 1-35.
4 per cent. 1865 .. B	137218	5,000	47th ending 31st Oct. 1883.
Do. ...	237779	5,000	44th to 47th ending 31st October, 1885.
Do. ...	237780	5,000	
Do. ...	237781	5,000	
Rd. 4 p. ct. 1879 . A	034833	5,000	17th to 20th ending 15th January, 1885.
Do. .. „	034834	5,000	
Do. .. „	034855	5,000	
Do. .. „	034856	5,000	

Dated at Bombay, this 8th day of August, 1890.

MANSUKHLAL, DAMODAR & JAMSETJI,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

CAPITAL .....£3,200,000.

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

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Rampart Row, W. Manager.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£2,000,000 STERLING.

TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS, Invested in best and safest Securities, now amount to

£5,672,040 17s. 8d. STERLING.

FIRE BRANCH

POLICIES covering risks on MERCHANDIZE, BUILDINGS SPINNING MILLS, COTTON AND JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, GODOWNS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS, AND CHATTELS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favourable terms. OILS in the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1882	4309,690	0 0
„ 1883	4696,154	0 0
„ 1889	4956,039	0 0
„ 1889	£7,104,173	16 10

LIFE BRANCH.

ACTIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES WITHOUT REDUCTION IN RATES.

Premiums received by the Undersigned without reference to Head Office on account of Assurances on Lives, MILITARY LIVES in Corps entered have been promptly returned.

Assurances effectable at fixed periods on favourable terms.

Annuities granted (Annuity Bonus 7½ per cent.

Claims by Death, when assured in the Bombay Assurance Fund, when assured in the Bombay Assurance Fund, or Fund Sold.

Accumulated Life Funds now amounts to	£3,473,114	5 9
Total ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£6,161,508	13 11

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

76	£2,367,178 12 4	1885 £5,368,607 9 2
1879	£4,360,581 13 11	1889 £6,161,508 13 11

THOS. H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company
Hummum Street.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,

SUPERVISERS COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not Exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"BURGUNDIES," especially suitable during the rains. *Macon, Beaune, Pommard, Chablis, Chambertin*, imported direct from Nuits, (Cote d'Or) by PHIPSON and Co., Bombay.

PARSEE LADIES' SINGLE EARRINGS set with finest Diamonds. Pearls and Emeralds, varying from Rs. 380 to Rs. 4,000 each.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., opposite the Clock Tower, Bombay.

NOVELTY! NOVELTY!! Great variety of CLOCKS and TIME-PIECES, in quite a new style. Time-pieces with little Dollies jumping, with little Dollies swinging all along the Clock is going, very neatly made and cheapest ever offered to the Bombay public. Prices varying from 25 to 4 rupees. Please have a look in at JAHANGEER C. CAWASJEE, Watch-maker, 97, Meadow Street.

PLATEWARE.—Our PRICES can be compared with any Firm for singular goods, every one satisfied with their wear and have always recommended us to their friends as the Cheapest House.—SHROFF BROTHERS, Bombay and Poona.

TO LET.—UPPER STORIED BUNGALOW, Khetwari, 7th Lane, No. 6. Rent Rs. 85, Apply to D. C. MODY, Chundunwari, House No. 803.

POONA.—TO BE LET for any period, portion of large Bungalow, with good garden, stabling, outhouses, &c. Rent very moderate. Apply by letter to "X. Y. Z." care of this paper.

KIRKEE.—TO LET, a large and very comfortable BUNGALOW, No. 2, at Kirkee. Rent only Rupees 50 per month. Apply to PROPRIETORS, *Deccan Herald*, Poona.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Open all year Round the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Apply to Proprietor.

FIRE BRICKS and FIRE CLAY for sale, Prices very moderate. Apply JAMES H. LATIMER & Co., 40, Forbes Street, Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN, *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED, a CAPTAIN and a CHIEF ENGINEER, for s. s. "Hindoo." Apply to Messrs. KHATAU JEVANDAS and Co., Agents, 95, Bazaar Gate.

WANTED, up-country, RESIDENT GOVERNESS (European) for 3 or 4 children. Requirements English to 7th standard, French, Music, &c. Terms Board, Lodging, Dhoey and its. 30. Apply to No. 120, care of this office.

PRIME BREAKFAST BACON and HAM on Cut at PEARSE'S 7, Church Gate Street.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P." care of this office.

ICES! ICES!! ICES!!! Every day 3 kinds of Ices. Fresh Pastry. Wines and Spirits of the best quality, Wholesale and Retail.—MORENAS and CO., General Merchants.

THE "CHAMPION" HAND ICE MACHINE, indispensable for Camp and Up-country residences, Simple, Effectual, Economical, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

CALADIUMS, Gladioli, Begonias, Gloxinias, Loose Seeds, Garden Pumps and other Garden Sundries Price Lists free. PALEKAR and Co., Esplanade Cross Road, Bombay.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

NARAYAN BHIKAJI successfully treats cases of LEPROSY, WHITE LEPROSY, and ELEPHANTIASES. No. 173, Kalkadevi Road, near Post Office.

SEWING MACHINES, Flour Mills, Mining Machines, Gram Crushers, Coffee Mills, Ice Machines Cooking stoves, &c., &c., of various descriptions, sizes, and capacities. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

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LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA at Exceeding house, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

SANITARY WOOL UNDERCLOTHING special light Texture, suitable for India wear, English Manufacture, Guaranteed Pure, Undyed Natural Wool.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.

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TO BE LET, IMMEDIATELY.—1st floor, a LARGE HALL most suitable for an Office, also a godown, in Medows Street. Apply D. MACROPOLO or Mr. E. W. FLOWER.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

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EXTRACTS out of numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE :—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works ; Goilkera :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter, Cannanore :—All the cases I tried upon have recovered.—Send your orders at Dr. H. L. Batliwala's, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c., at Re. 1.

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CIGARS,
FOR SALE AT THE
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
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At their original prices, plus 8 annas for carriage &c.

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PROPRIETORS,
SUNGAL, RAMPUR TEA PLANTATIONS
KANGRA VALLEY.
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SOLE AGENT FOR BOMBAY.
HORMUSJEE ADURJEE,
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(in pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.
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To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

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NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

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TO Architects, Contractors, Dock Companies, Mill Owners, Railway Companies, Ship Owners and all who are desirous of obtaining, a reliable and durable Paint, THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON (the original Patentees of White Zinc Paint) beg to intimate the above that "HUBBUCK'S GENUINE PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT AND OILS" can always be obtained of the undermentioned well known Firms in Bombay. This Paint has successfully stood the test of all climates for many years, and has an ever increasing demand ; it is far superior in pureness of colour, in body, in fineness, and lasting properties to any other Paint ; retains its color, and when mixed with HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL does not crack or blister, and is not effected by atmospheric changes, salt water, or gas) THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON knowing the importance of such a Paint to the above, trust their Friends will continue to use this world-renowned HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT, the quality of which never varies

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.

THOS. HUBBUCK & SON desire to call attention to their special PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL. This OIL is paler than Raw Linseed Oil, therefore does not discolor White or other delicate colors. By their patent process all the fatty matter (which renders Paint non-drying, and sticky) is extracted, making the Paint mixed with this Oil dry quickly with a perfectly hard and smooth surface, prevents blistering, and is therefore consequently much more durable. This Oil has been successfully in use for many years in China, Japan, the West Indies, the Straits Settlements, Burmah, &c. One trial will show the importance of this Oil in a climate like India, and will cause it to become a general demand through it. THOS. HUBBUCK & SON ship only GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE, and therefore, trust their friends will see when ordering HUBBUCK'S PAINT that they also get HUBBUCK'S GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE. Good Paint is destroyed by using an inferior Oil.

J. FISCHER and Co., 21 Hummum Street.
JOSEPH SUARES, Alphabetone Circle.
D. R. DADY & Co.
H. SHAIK ADAM and Co., Church Lane.
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MAHOMEDBHAI ABDOOL HOOSEIN.
&c., &c.

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Manufacturers, Patent White Zinc, Genuine WHITE lead, Genuine Red Lead, Colors, Varnishes, etc.

(OIL BOILERS AND REFINERS)

OFFICE AND WAREH OUSES—24 LIME St. E.C.
FACTORY AND WHARF—RATCLIFF, LONDON.

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House, on SATURDAY, the 23rd August, 1890, at 6 o'clock p.m.

W. WEBB,
Honorary Secretary.
21st July, 1890.

IMPORTERS and DEALERS are INVITED to TENDER for the supply to the B. B. and C. I. Railway of MISCELLANEOUS STORES as per list posted up at the General Offices, Fort. Tenders will be received not later than noon on TUESDAY next, at the Chief Store keeper's Office, Parel.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

IN VIEW of the probable construction of a Railway between GODHRA and RUTLAM, the undersigned notifies that he is willing TO SELL about (1,000) one thousand SAL TREES, standing, in the Mandla Forests.

G. J. VAN SOMEREN, Colonel,
Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

1. TENDERS are invited for the ERECTION of MASONRY WING and PROTECTION Walls at the Yerla Bridge near SANGLI STATION on the S. M. Railway.
2. Sealed tenders must reach the office of the undersigned before the 31st August, 1890. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept any tender.
3. Full particulars with regard to the work can be obtained from the office of the undersigned.

H. H. G. DUNLOP, A.M.I.C.E.,
Resident Engineer,
Poona Division, S. M. Ry.
Poona, 7th August, 1890.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE Proprietor of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE Press, having leased from the
G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY,
The NIZAM STATE RAILWAY,
AND
The BHOWNAGAR-GONDAL RAILWAY COMPANY

The exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to these Companies, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisement, on the lines.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the Native Languages.

The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kind before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of Railway Station Advertising.

And as nearly ALL TRAVELLERS ARRIVING IN INDIA NOW LAND AT BOMBAY and proceed by Rail, Placards exhibited at the different stations are every day becoming more and more valuable as means of bringing the Advertisers' business to he notice of the public.

On the NIZAM STATE RAILWAY the Cantonment of Secunderabad, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India, a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of Bolaram garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about four miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad containing the Nizam's Regular Troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans, besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be a source of profit to firms to advertise at these Stations, the most important of which are Secunderabad, Hyderabad, Gangawaram and Tandur.

Orders for exhibiting Advertisement Boards on the B. B. and C. I. Railway Stations will also be received at this Office.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 feet square, will have the advantage of having their Business Advertisement read by thousands of passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. ; on twelve stations or more twenty-five per cent.

Special arrangements for long periods.

The boards to be delivered at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Advertisers can select the stations, on the four lines at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely moderate scale to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in English of any of the Native languages at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Press. Estimates on application.

For further particulars apply to The MANAGER, "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE, Rampart Row, Fort.

STATION THE G. I. P. R. LINE.

Musjid Bunder.	Bhosawul Junctionac	Chindwara	Parna
Chinchpoogly	Sowda	Satari	Dapki
Parel Station	Nimboral	Shapura	Akola
Dadur	Rayer	Mirganj (for Marble Rocks)	Boreacum
Sion	Khanapur	Nagpoor	Katipurna
Coorla	Burhanpur	Hula Gate	Koorun
Ghat-Cooper	Chandnee	Budlapoor	Budnaira
Bhandoop	Mandwa	Wangia	Malkor
Tannaha	Dongergaum	Narel	Chandoor
Deewa	Bagmar	Chinchowli	Damergaum
Callian Junctionab	Khandwaab	Kuchutab	Poolgaum
Titwalla	Jawar	Padesdari	Dygaum
Khadawali	Beorh	Khandalla	Wurdaht
Wassind	Sinaji	Lanowlees	Powrar
Shapoor	Harsud	Karli	Sindee
Atgaum	Kirkeam	Kurkulla	Boree
Khurde	Bheringee	Tulligaun	Kapri
Kussaraha	Hurdaa	Salaivadi	Saigaon
Scutpoora	Timoornee	Chinchwud	Jehwoori
Ghotee	Pagchai	Kirkee	Kelim
Bailgaum	Sewnee	Poonabad	Barsee Rd
Decalee B. Siding	Dharam	Loonee	Marheh
Nassick Rda	Khundi	Horoolee	Unger
Kheirwadee	Dularia	Yeoat	Mohol
Niphar asulgaum	Ktarsee (for Hoshangabad)	Kheirgaum	Packney
Mumnar	Rampur	Patna	Sholapurae
Nandgauma	Bagra	Dhondb	Hoodgee
Naidongree	Somt	Boreball	Kurubgam
Chaligaum	Schar po. ead	Decknal and Bheegwan	Doodnee
Kuigaum	Paparia (for Pachmari)	Kartruz	Goolburga
Galna	Bankori	Pomulwaree	Shahabadabc
Pachora	Babai	Warangaum	Wadi
Mylee	Gadawara	Nargaum	Nulwar
Mussawuda	Bohanee	Khankoor	Yedagherry
Sisgwlee	Kurelli (for Saugori	Mulkapoor	Sydapee
Pulgaum	Nurasingpore	BiswaBridge	Road
Bhadli	Kuruk Bail	Nandoora	Kistna
		Jullunda	Chichinga
		Sheagaunna	Raichore

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junca	Nawandgi	Gulaguda	Hyderabad
Chitepore	Tandura	Shankarpalli	Secunderabad
Mulkid Gate	Bhartur	Lingampallie	
Jran	Gangawaram	Begumpett	

STATIONS ON THE BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL.

W a d w a n Junc. do. City	Botad	Chital	Dhorati
	Ningala	Lunidhar	Sanash
Limbdi	Ujalvar	Kunkavav	Kongad
Chuda	Dhola Junc.	Khekhari	Sihore
Rampur	Jelia	Vavd.	Varvd
Kundli	Dhasa	Jetpur	Ghadeont
	Lathi	Jecalcar	Bhavnagar

a Refreshment Rooms.
b Junction for Jabalpur Rail.
c 25 minutes for early Tea.
d 30 minutes for Dinner.

INSURANCES.

NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1845.

Cash Funds.....£21,615,967
Issues Policies with treble options
Tontines.
LIBERAL ROBBETTER & Co., Agents.
No. 10, Medows Street, Bombay.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION.

ADVANCES made on approved Security in connection with Policies of Life Office.
For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and particulars, apply to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, Manager.
Albert Building, Bombay.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum being paid in Death Claims year by year.
2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to Seven Million Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.
3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

GEORGE OLIVER, Secretary.

N.B.—THE COMPANY'S INDIAN RATES HAVE BEEN RECENTLY REDUCED.

FIRE INSURANCE.

	Exclusive Reserve Fund
The NORTHERN ASSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 3,000,000
The TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE Co., (exclusive re-insurances) CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 6,000,000
The NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 7,500,000
The LUBECK FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 3,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co. of 1877, CAPITAL	„ 2,000,000
The BATAVIA FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG FIRE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 2,000,000
The FIRE INSURANCE Co., "INSULINDE," CAPITAL	1,000,000

MARINE INSURANCE.

The GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	£ 3,000,000
The BATAVIA MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	fl 3,000,000
The SAMARANG MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	„ 2,000,000
The BADEN MARINE INSURANCE Co., CAPITAL	M6,000,000
The NEW SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE CO.	

THE FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE in the above Companies apply to the UNDERSIGNED who can offer ALL FACILITIES and MOST FAVOURABLE TERMS. ALL CLAIMS PROMPTLY SETTLED IN BOMBAY. Rates and particulars can be obtained on application.

VOLKART BROTHERS, Agents.

UNIVERSAL LIFE OFFICE,
HEAD OFFICE, LONDON,
FOUNDED 1835.

THE test of Fifty years working in India shows the superior advantages of a Bonus Assurance with this Society. Before taking out a Life Policy, you are recommended to apply to the undersigned for the statement of Annual Cash Bonusses paid.

KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay.

ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE.

PUBLIC ATTENTION is specially invited to the following NEW and MOST ADVANTAGEOUS METHOD of ASSURANCE under the

TREBLE BENEFIT
ENDOWMENT POLICIES

NOW issued by this Company, which provides for a Payment to the Assured himself on attaining a specified age ; or he can purchase a Pension, if he so desires, for the rest of life ; or the Sum Assured is payable to his Representative at the previous death of the Assured, thus comprising in one contract the TREBLE BENEFIT of an Endowment, a Pension payable during life, or as a Family Provision payable at Death.

ENQUIRY-FORM

AS TO THE COST OF

A Sum to be received at a specified age
(or at Death, if previous),
with the ALTERNATIVE of
A Pension for Life after that age.

The undersigned having been Born on the
Day of 18
what would be the Annual Payment to secure Rs. to be Paid when he is aged 50,* or at his death, if sooner ?

Also, what Yearly Pension for the rest of Life may be obtained at the latter age, if then desired, in exchange for the above sum ?

Name
Address
Occupation
188

Full Particulars on Application, and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurances may be had from—

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary,
Albert Building, Bombay,
or any of the Agents of the Company.

* This may be altered to 40, 45, 55, or 60.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

J. & R. SHORROCK,

BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES,

DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,

Manufacture Specialities in

PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,

COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY,

Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing,

Estimates and Drawings on Application.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets ; by W. E. H. PRICE Rs. 1-4 (postage extra).

EYESIGHT!

THE necessity for proper testing of the sight before ordering Spectacles cannot be overrated. We have the highest medical authority confirmed by daily experience that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight, and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common Spectacles now so generally sold by those who keep an ill-assorted collection just to complete a miscellaneous stock.

We make this department of our business a speciality, and we claim to have the largest and most complete stock in India. Our Opticians being thoroughly practical men, we can guarantee the correction of the defects and irregularities of the sight by optical means.

DR. A. MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES

Have always been and always are by a very long way the best procurable, and owing to the present favourable rate of exchange, we have been able to reduce their prices, which though very little in advance of ours Houses the slightly extra cost is more than compensated for by their superiority and perfection.

It is well known to us from experiments that a great deal of discomfort must arise from the use of spectacles with ill-fitting frames, for instance a pair of lenses in frames a little too wide or a little too narrow would compel the patient to look through the inner or outside sides of the lenses or through their prisms instead of through their centre and which must necessitate a call upon the convergence muscles for increased effort at a time when the accommodation muscles are relaxed. This cannot but be a source of discomfort at all times and a source of danger to the eyes. Several instances have been known in which discomfort in wearing spectacles has been removed as soon as lenses of the same power were put into frames adopted to the requirements of the wearer.

Every precaution is taken by us to supply not only the best lenses procurable but also to supply frames in which the lenses are so placed as to make the wearing of spectacles a pleasure.

STEEL FRAMES.

Single Temple or Turn-pin	from Rs.	6	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	15	
Folders or "Pince-Nez"	from „	6	
Do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	15	

SILVER FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks	„	20	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	25	
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Spectacles	„	24	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	30	
Folders or Pince-Nez, with Steel Springs	„	20	
Do. do. do. Gold Springs	„	25	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	25	

GOLD FRAMES.

Single Temple or Riding Hooks, oval or pantascopic from	„	25	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	45	
Turn-pin Sporting or Billiard Hooks	„	35	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	55	
Folders or Pince-Nez, Japanese Springs from	„	30	
Do. do. do. Dr. Menist's	„	40	

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Hindustan	20,000	Rs. 500	Rs. 500	6 pr. ct.	Rs. 930xd
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Bombay	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	930
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Chartered Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Chartered Mercantile	20,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	165
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,000xd
Albert Gilston Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	45
Albert (Kurrechee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	700xd
Apollo	750	2,400	2,400	Nil.	220
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	385xd
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	165
Bombay National S. W. Co. Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	...	...
Brett's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	5	200	200	16	93
Calaba	500	1,380	1,380	55	390
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,250
Examiner Press and Mangle Co., Ld.	400	250	...	...	180
Fort	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,175
French	200	500	all	50	53
Harvey and Sahapathy	450	450	500	30	450
Hengoll Press					
Press Co., Ld.	750	100	all	...	155
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	...	5 0
Khangaum	240	450	450	45	200
Mahamadpure Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	200	500	500	pr ct.	50
Mercantile	2,000	125	125	10	55
Otumul Co	3,125	400	400	50	440
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	25	175
New Berar	1,200	500	500	45	175
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11	102½
Prince of Wales	600	500	600	40	375
Sahapathy (Bellary)	500	500	50	120	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	2	500
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,300	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	480
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	..	230
Vikart	..	1,000	...	60	650

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000 / 750	200 / 150	200	10 / 7½	290 / 170
Back Bay Baths	300	50	50	10	50
Badhans Pilo	5,000	100	100	14	122
Bapty Bros	6,625	200	185	18	40 xdis
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	$1,000	70	725xd
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,300
Do New Issue	500	375	6¼	33⅓	325
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	5	
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	80 Dvd.	775
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	30
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	425
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	..	182½
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	5,000	7½ pr. ct.	700
Geyer & Co, Ld	500	100	70	...	70 nm
Indian Guarantee Surety-ship Assn.	5,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	25	£4.00	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75 exd
Kemp & Co.	4,000	250	175	20½	356
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	30	30	60
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	55
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,00	100	100	10 pr. ct.	55
Napier Hotel & Boarding House	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Office	1, 00	100	200	...	...
Ottoman Coal Co.	5,000	200	5	12 pr. ct.	200
Ottoman Coal Co.	5,000	20	20	6 pr. ct.	22
Oriental Hotel	1,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	70
Planters' Stores and Agency Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	30	395
Port Canning	250	8,000	1,000	No Dvd	1,500
Rajkot	2,500	100	100	...	6
Rajputana	1,000	100	100	9	89
Rombay	1,000	100	100 & 20	...	85
Scinde Steam Navigation	2,000	500	all	85	1,170
Scinde Railway	1,500	100	100	10	120
Shahabad	9,200	25	25	5-8	1½
Shaw Wallace & Co.	..	...	...	...	20

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	All	5 p.c.	2,375
B B. & C. I. R. New £18 Shares	...	£18	...	do.	420

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,300
Alliance	11,500	1,000	all	20	450
Anglo-Indian	9,385	100	100	2	67
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 pr. ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	690
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co	600	500	500	20	400
Central India	3,750	500	500	35	885
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	905
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	15	555
Colaba Land & Mills	4,000	700	700	10	615
Coorla Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	40	455
David Mill	1,400	500	500	15	485
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	930
Empress	2,100	500	all	15	555
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	15	440
Gordon Mills	3,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	120
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	825
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	25	535
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	30	705
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	25	350
Indian Manfg.	600	1,000	1,000	50	950
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	15	555
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	347½
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,600	250	250	12½	247½
Jowraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	790
Knaudeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	695
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	200 no n
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Lowjedi	18,500	100	100	5	175
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	820
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2,000
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	20 pr. ct.	500 nm
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	5	1,195
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	5	92½
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,800
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	175
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	610
Oriental	5,725	625	625	10	365
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	35
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,030
Samoon	1,600	1,000	1,000	25	1,410
Shalapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,270
Soondercdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	35
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,312	250	250	12½	240
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,303	250	250	Nil.	252½
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	620
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	305
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	24	340
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	5	615
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	50	1,000
Lord Reay Mfg	645	1,000	1,000	..	635

CALENDAR.—AUGUST, 1890.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

First Quarter ..... August 23rd, 6h. 11'0m. p.m.
Full Moon ..... „ 30th, 9h. 28'4m. a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sunrise.	Sunset.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 16	Polo Match, Bombay Swimming Club. Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Cricket: Poona vs. Parsees, at Poona.	5 41	6 26	0 13 a	5 22m 6 16 a
Sun. 17	Eleventh Sunday after Trinity. English mail expected per s.s. Siam.*	5 42	6 25	0 37m 1 2 a	6 24m 6 59 a
Mon. 18	.....	5 42	6 24	1 8m 1 25 a	6 51m 7 22 a
Tues. 19	.....	5 42	6 24	1 40m 1 52 a	7 19m 7 50 a
Wed. 20	Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.	5 43	6 24	2 15m 2 20 a	7 49m 8 25 a
Thr. 21	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.	5 43	6 23	2 57m 2 53 a	8 28m 9 12 a
Fri. 22	Kemp and Co., Meeting, 4-30 p.m. Royal Bombay Yacht Club, Half-yearly General Meeting, 5-45 p.m. Departure of the English Mail per ss Siam.	5 43	6 22	3 40m 3 53 a	9 28m 10 12 a

*Left Aden on Tuesday at 4 p.m.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

MAXIMUM RATES.

	Rs.	a.	p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—			
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0	4	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0	3	6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	3	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	2	0
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0	6	0
Do. (round), per lb	0	1	6
Meat for soup, per lb.	0	1	6
Shins, large, each	0	5	0
Do. small, each	0	4	0
Tongues, fresh, each	0	3	6
Do. salt, each	0	7	0
Suet, 1st sort, each	0	5	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	4	0
Liver, each	0	4	0
Heart, each	0	1	9
Kidneys, each	0	1	0
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0	2	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	2	3
Oxtail, each	0	3	0
Sirloin, per lb	0	4	0
Fore Ribs, each	0	4	0
Beef Salt, English per lbs	0	10	0
MUTTON—	1st Sort.		2nd Sort.
Saddle, per lb	0 4 0	0	2 9
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb	0 3 6	0	2 6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 3 0	0	1 9
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 3	0	2 3
Breast, large, each	0 3 0	0	2 0
Do. small, each	0 2 6	0	2 0
Head, each	0 3 0		...
Kidneys, each	0 1 0	0	1 0
Suet, per lb	0 3 0	0	3 0
KID (SMALL)—			
Hind Quarter, 1st sort ..... per piece		0	14 0
Fore „ „ ..... „		0	12 0
Hind Quarter, 2nd sort „ „		0	10 0
Fore „ „ „		0	8 0
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart „		0	6 0
LAMB (LARGE)—			
Hind Quarter, 1st sort ..... per piece		1	4 0
Fore „ „ ..... „		1	2 0
Hind „ 2nd sort ..... „		1	0 0
Fore „ „ ..... „		0	12 0
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart „		0	9 0
PORK FRESH AND SALT—			
Pork Fresh, per lb		0	4 0
Pork Salt, country, per lb		0	4 0
Pigs (Roasted), each		3	8 0
Do. Head, per lb		0	2 0
Sausages, per lb		0	4 0
Bacon, per lb		0	4 0
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set		0	6 0
Do. Lard, per lb		0	0 6
Do. Boiled Lard, per lb		1	0 0
Pork, Salt, English, per lb		0	8 0
POULTRY—			
Geese, each		4	0 0
Turkey Cocks (very large), each		7	0 0
„ Hens		4	0 0
Duck large		0	12 0
„ middling		0	10 0
„ Bombay, large		0	10 0
„ „ middling		0	8 0
Chickens, large, each		0	5 6
„ small		0	3 6
Eggs, each		0	0 5
Guinea Fowls, each		2	0 0
Patridges, each		0	4 0
Pigeons, per pair		0	2 0
„ young, per pair		0	10 0
Rabbits, each		1	8 0
Doves, per pair		0	2 0
Quails, per dozen		0	8 0
MILK AND BUTTER—			
Cow's Milk, per seer measure		0	2 6
Buffalo's Milk, per seer measure		0	2 0
„ Butter, per cup, 2 ozs.		0	1 6
Jagree, per maund		3	4 0
Butter, English, per tin		1	5 0
Cheese „ „		0	12 0
BREAD—			
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each		0	1 9
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each		0	1 6
Do. brown, each		0	2 0
Flour, Wheat, per seer		0	1 3
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer		0	1 0
Rolong, 1st sort, per seer		0	1 3
Do. 2nd sort, per seer		0	1 0
Biscuits, Poona, per lb		0	4 0
Do. Bombay, per lb		0	2 0
Do. Poona, mixed, per lb		0	4 0
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer		0	0 9
FIREWOOD—			
Coal, Europe, per ton		20	0 0
Charcoal, country, per maund		0	8 0
Babool, per candy		5	8 0
„ per maund		0	3 3
Aine, per candy		6	0 0
„ per maund		0	3 0
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy		4	8 0
„ „ „ per maund		0	2 9
Kurmell, per candy		5	0 0
„ per maund		0	3 0
Khaire, per candy		7	0 0
„ per maund		0	4 0
Hay, 100 lbs.		0	13 0
OIL—			
Cocoanut, 1st sort, per maund		4	2 0
„ 2nd sort, per maund		4	0 0
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund		4	4 0
„ 2nd sort, per maund		3	10 0
Linseed Oil, country, per maund		4	0 0
Castor Oil, per maund		4	4 0
Kerosine Oil, Snow Flake, per Tin		2	8 0
„ „ Common		2	0 0
GHEE—			
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer		0	6 0
„ Ghanee, 1st sort, per seer		0	5 0
„ Jaffrabad, per seer		0	6 0
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle		0	0 9
„ common, country, per bottle		0	1 9
Mowra spirit, per bottle		0	14 0
GRAIN—			
Wheat, 1st sort, per phurra		4	4 0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra		3	12 0
Do. 3rd sort, per phurra		3	6 0
Coolty (Horse Gram), per phurra		2	4 0
Mutt, Ghautee, per phurra		3	4 0
Bajree, Bhownuggur, per phura		4	4 0
Rice, Jerasail, 1st sort		6	0 0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra		5	0 0
Do. Common, per phurra		4	4 0
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, pr. phurra		5	8 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, pr. phurra		4	8 0
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort, per phurra		1	10 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per phurra		1	4 0
Barley (new), per phurra		2	4 0
Do. (old) do.		1	14 0
Oats, per phurra		2	6 0
Jowaree or Cholum or Jonaloo, per phurra		2	8 0
Linseed, per phurra		4	4 0
Maize, per phurra		2	4 0
Moong, per phurra		4	8 0
Do. Dall, per phurra		5	0 0
Mussoor, per phurra		3	2 0
Do. Dall, per phurra		3	0 0
Nachni or Raggy, per phurra		2	8 0
Peas, per phurra		3	8 0
Toor, per phurra		2	8 0
„ Dall, 1st sort		5	0 0
„ „ 2nd sort		4	4 0
Wal Beans, of sorts, per phurra		2	8 0
Wurree or Vecagoo, per phurra		3	2 0
Kong, per phurra		3	0 0
SUGAR—			
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer		0	9 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer		0	7 0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer		0	3 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer		0	2 0
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer		0	1 9
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer		0	1 6
Do. do. brown, per seer		0	1 9
Do. Mauritius, per seer		0	1 9
Tea, Hill, per lb		0	14 0
Do. 1st sort, per lb		0	10 0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb		0	8 0
Sago, per seer		0	1 6
VEGETABLES—			
Onions, per seer		0	0 3
Carrots, per seer		0	0 6
Celiery, large, each		0	1 3
Lettuces, each		0	0 6
Beet, large, each		0	1 0
Beet, small		0	0 6
Tomatoes, per seer		0	0 9
French Beans, per seer		0	0 6
Knol Khol, per dozen		0	6 0
Pumpkins, large, each		0	10 0
Do. small, each		0	8 0
Cucumbers, per dozen		0	6 0
Cocoanuts, whole per 100		4	12 0
Do. shelled, per maund		3	8 0
Betelnut, per maund		4	8 0
Do. leaf, per 100		0	1 6
FRUITS—			
Pineapple, large, each		1	0 0
„ small, each		0	10 0
Custard apples, each		0	2 0
Pomeloes, small, each		0	12 0
Guavas, large, per dozen		0	8 0
„ small, per dozen		0	1 6
Orange large, per dozen		1	4 0
„ small, per dozen		0	10 0
Plantains, large, red, per dozen		0	5 0
„ small, red „		0	3 6
„ large, yellow „		0	3 0
„ small, yellow „		0	2 0
Limes, sour „		0	1 6
Pomegranate, Bombay „		0	8 0
Mangoes, common „		0	5 0
Figs, Poona „		0	4 0
Pears, per dozen		0	12 0
Flowers, mixed, per bunch		0	2 0
Chekoos, per dozen		1	0 0
Moosoombees, Poona, per dozen		0	12 0
FRESH FISH—			
Bonie, very large, per dozen		10	0 0
„ large, per dozen		1	8 0
Ghoal, large, each		3	0 0
„ small, each		1	12 0
Bumlows		0	3 0
Oysters, in shell		0	3 0
„ opened		0	2 6
Crabs		0	6 0

ANTONIO MOSTO, ex-colonel, who recently died at Genoa, fought with Garibaldi in Lombardy in 1848-49, and afterwards studied military science with Carlo Pisacane. When condemned to death in 1857, he fled to London with Mazzini. In 1860 he was active in organising the expedition of the Thousand, in which he took part. In 1866 he was in the Tyrol, and in 1867 he was wounded in the leg at Monterotondo. His family were distinguished for patriotism, and his brother Carlo lost his life at Volturno when fighting under Garibaldi.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Swimming Club Polo Match.
Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Company, 3 p.m.
Pali Hill Gun Club, meet, at 4-30 p.m.
Entertainment, Seamen's Institute, 8 p.m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Mary Boyts left the dock on Thursday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Peninsular, Ganges, and Malwa left the dock yesterday.

PALI HILL GUN CLUB.—The Pali Hill Gun Club will meet this afternoon, at Worli, 4-30 p.m.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The goods traffic, on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending the 26th July, 1890, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1889 of 300,681 maunds and Rs. 32,376 in the earnings.

A MISSING BOY.—Chimnee, a Hindu widow, residing at Lower Colaba, reports that her son, named Dusrat Hunmunta, aged 12 years, has been missing since the 12th instant. He had on a pair of silver wristlets, valued at Rs. 12.

ABSCONDED.—Sittaram Bhicajee, residing at Tardeo, reports that his sister-in-law, named Dewputty, aged 13 years, absconded on Thursday last, taking with her sundry ornaments, valued at Rs. 55, the property of the complainant.

WATER POLO.—The polo match for the Captain's Medals will take place at the Back Bay Baths, this afternoon, at 4-30. Eighteen members of the Bombay Swimming Club have entered for the event.

AN ENGLISH LECTURE.—Mr. B. B. Nagarkar will deliver a lecture in English, at 6 p.m., to-morrow (Sunday) evening, in the hall of the Shivaji High School (Girgaum, French Bridge). Subject—"Formation of National Character."

FEAST OF THE ASSUMPTION.—The members of the Ladies' Sodality of the "Assumption" celebrate to-morrow, Sunday, the 17th inst., at 8 a. m., their second anniversary, at St. Peter's, Bandora. Haydn's No. 2 and a Tantum Ergo, specially composed for the Sodality by Mr. P. D'Silva, will be sung by the Lady Sodalists' choir.

TORTURING HIS HORSE.—Tookaram Narayen, a victoria-driver, was yesterday placed before Mr. Shewshunkar Govindram, by Inspector Killeen, on a charge of torturing his horse. The accused was seen to ply the animal on the Hornby Row, although it proceeded with difficulty from a considerable swelling on the leg. Prisoner, who said that the animal had been in its present condition for over a month, was fined Rs. 5.

THE BOMBAY SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—During the month of July last 14 horses and 18 bullocks were sent to the Pinjrapole as being unfit for work, at the instance of the agents of the Bombay Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, with the permission of the Presidency Magistrates and with the consent of the owners; while 38 bullocks and one horse were sent to the Bai Sakarbai Dinsha Petit Hospital for Animals at Parel, for curative treatment, during the last month.

MASONRY CONCERTS AT POONA.—We learn that two concerts have been arranged to take place during the season in Poona, under the distinguished patronage of T. E. the Governor and Lady Harris and of H. E. the Commander-in-Chief in aid of the Charity Funds of the Grand Lodge of all Scottish Freemasonry in India and of the District Grand Lodge of Bombay, E. C. The concerts are to be held at the Gymkhana Hall, Poona, on Saturday, the 23rd instant and Saturday, the 13th September. Many of the most talented Amateurs, vocal and instrumental, have promised their assistance.

WHAT BECAME OF THE GOLD BUTTONS.—Before Mr. Shewshunkar Govindram yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court Inspector Nolmes charged Gunnoo Pirajee with stealing four gold buttons, of twenty-two carats, valued at Rs. 35. Pirajee Eduljee, the complainant, a medical practitioner, identified his buttons, and said in evidence that he missed the articles on Thursday morning from a garment that he left suspended on the railings, in front of his residence, at the Marine Lines. The prisoner who pleaded guilty but appealed for mercy, was convicted and sent to jail to undergo six weeks' hard work.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—The regular monthly meeting of the G. C. M. Society was held in the College Library on Tuesday, the 12th instant, Dr. J. C. Lisboa, president in the chair. There were present, Drs. Dorabji Hormasji, R. N. Khory, H. I. Appoo, S. D. Bharucha, K. B. Shroff, D. B. Master, A. P. Andrade, D. A. De Monte, B. B. Dadurkar, E. S. Bharucha, N. N. Katrack, R. P. Bharucha, R. N. Kanina, H. M. Massina, A. V. Velkar, A. A. Hotiwalla, Bhalchundra Krishna, W. K. Hatch, L. F. Childe, and Temulji Bhicaji Nariman, the honorary secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Dr. Khoja Abdoola Adam was elected a member of the Society. Dr. R. N. Khory read notes of a case of "Chronic Inversion of the Uterus, complicated with calculus in the bladder."

THEFT OF UMBRELLAS.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Inspector Greyhurst brought up on remand a Hindoo lad, aged 18 years, named Gunnoo Wittoo, and charged him before Mr. Richardson upon two separate charges of theft of property, consisting of two umbrellas and a red cotton turban, of the collective value of Rs. 7-4, the property of Sucoaram Balloo and another, residents of Coombarwarra, on the 3rd and 4th instant. On the thefts being reported to the police, the accused was arrested on suspicion, he having been found loitering about that locality, and having been once previously convicted of theft. Upon further enquiry, the two umbrellas and the red turban were recovered from a Marwarree named Peeta Dhamjee, residing at Cammateepoora, with whom they had been pledged by the accused. Gunnoo Wittoo pleaded guilty to both the charges, and also admitted one previous conviction. The Magistrate, thereupon sentenced him to an accumulated term of four months' rigorous imprisonment.

A GHARRYWALLA'S CONSIDERATION FOR HIS HORSE.—A case of a victoria-driver having been prosecuted for refusing to allow his conveyance to ply for hire came before Mr. Shewshunkar Govindram, the Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court. Doctor Underwood, the complainant, stated that he had occasion to call for a gharry on the morning of the 15th inst. while on a professional call at Parsee Bazaar-gate Street, to attend to another very urgent case. The driver, whose name was Ebrahim Mama, and who appears to have been disinclined to disturb his animal in its morning repast, refused to remove its nosebag, and directed another driver to take up the doctor. It was ascertained, however, that he was unwilling to be employed as he would realise but a small fare. Evidence in corroboration of the above offence was given, and it was stated that the driver made use of abusive language. Prisoner, who denied the charge, was fined Rs. 5.

A SHOP-BOY THIEF.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Shewshunkar Govindram, Inspector Hack charged Madhowjee Somchund, a native of Jamnagar, with the theft of three pieces of cloth, valued at Rs. 11-9 Dewram Hukai, the complainant, a cloth merchant, doing business in a shop opposite the Mungaldass Market, deposed that the property which had been deposited in his godown was brought to him on Thursday night for identification by a police constable. The cloth, which bore his stamp, had been purchased from Motilall Canjee, in the Mooljee Jaitha Market. Prisoner, in reply to the Court as to what he had to submit in his defence, said that he served as a shop-boy, and sold the cloth for his master to a customer having occasionally removed some cloth whilst opening up the shop in the mornings. The Magistrate, in framing the charge against the accused, who pleaded guilty, committed him to jail with two weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

CRICKET.—There will be a cricket match between the Young Men's Christian Association and the Marine Cricket Club, on the ground of the former at 2 p.m. An Eleven of the Young Men's Christian Association A. Club will also play the Arsenal Cricket Club on the ground, near the Cooperage, at 2 p.m.—Another cricket match will be played on the Esplanade Parade-ground to-day at 2 p.m., between the Ralli Brothers' Cricket Club and the Bombay Municipal team. The following gentlemen will comprise the Eleven on either side:—Ralli Brothers' Club: Messrs. H. J. Walsh, S Vernadachi, H. S. Nayak, G. S. Nayak, G. W. Penstone, Dosabhoy Jamsetjee, J. Rodgers, Dhunjeebhoy Sorabjee, D. Drosos, J. D. Lima, and Jehangir Behramjee. Municipal Club: Messrs. S. Tomlinson (captain), J. J. Banson, Geo. E. Mayers, L. W. Michael, Madon, Hale, Hewett (junior), Dorabjee Heerjibhai, B. G. Bhende, Narayan Sittaram, and Curseetji Daruwalla.

A BORAH'S REVENGE.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, a ticket-collector, named Fennell, appeared in answer to a remand-summons charging him with assaulting and making use of abusive language towards a Memon Borah, named Ahmedally Fakrooddeen, at the Victoria Terminus, on the night of the 11th July. Mr. DeSouza defended the accused, and Mr. Nusserwanjee prosecuted. Defendant was alleged to have gone into a third-class railway carriage on the night in question, and interfered with a number of Borah passengers who were to proceed by the Jubbulpore mail. It was asserted by a police havildar for the prosecution, who was on duty on the occasion, that defendant had entered the carriage, and pulled off the veil of a purdah woman, whom he pushed about on the platform. He remonstrated with the ticket-collector for kicking over a vessel containing the provisions for the journey. In support of the evidence produced for the defence, it was demonstrated that defendant had merely pulled a woman out of the way of a postal van that was being wheeled down the platform, and had been acting up to his duty in not allowing the Borahs to place a number of packages in the carriage with them for which they had not paid the amount of excess. In reviewing the evidence recorded the Magistrate said he was of opinion that the Memons had adopted the present proceedings through ill-feeling towards the accused, since he refused to allow them to take the packages before paying the necessary amount of excess. He came to the conclusion, after carefully considering the evidence, that defendant had merely pulled the woman out of the way of the lorry. Bearing in mind the whole nature of the evidence, he could not find any grounds for believing an assault had been actually committed. With reference to the other part of the charge he (the Magistrate) took into consideration the good character which was given defendant by Mr. Ryan, the station-master, and acquitted him.

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Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices:—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 "
MASTIFFS	£20 "
BOARHOUNDS	£20 "
BULL DOGS	£20 "
BULL TERRIERS	£10 "
FOX TERRIERS	£10 "
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 "
WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20 "
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 15.

WITH Money easier in London, Consols advanced further ⅛ per cent. yesterday, say to 96⅜; Indian Sterling Loan was also ⅛ per cent. higher, at 107½. Bar Silver took an upward turn again, the quotation through Reuter and private telegrams coming ⅛d. higher, at 51⅛d. per oz. Rupee Securities moved up ¼ per cent. in Fours and 7-16 in 4½ per cents, at £83⅞ and £84⅞, respectively. Five lakhs of extra Bills were allotted by the Indian Council yesterday on Bombay, at 1s. 7 13-16d., and a lakh on Calcutta, and 1s. 7⅝d., the higher rate showing an advance of ⅛d. on that obtained at Wednesday's regular sales. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at 30 days' sight, remained at 1s. 7⅛d. In Paris, French Rentes were ¼ per cent. higher at 94½; Exchange on London was two centimes lower at fcs. 25·31.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending on Wednesday make the Reserve five per cent. greater than it was a week previously, at 42 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate remained at 5 per cent.; but a further reduction of ⅛ and ¼ per cent., had been made on Wednesday on the market rate of discount on short London Bills and six months' sight Indian Bank Paper, respectively, making it stand at 4 per cent., all round. About £325,000 in Gold was paid into the Bank yesterday. The weekly shipment of Specie to Bombay consisted of £170,000 in Silver.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet all round, last evening, the days' Sales having reached only 7,000 bales, inclusive of 800 Surats. The price of spot Mid.-American, however, was still maintained at 6 11-16d. per lb., and East Indian Cotton was quite unchanged in value. In American Arrivals, however, there was a general decline of 1-64d. 6 19-32d. being quoted for the nearest deliveries, and 5 51-64d. for the most distant. The day's Imports were 6,000 bales. The Manchester Market was quiet but steady.

In New York, the reduced price of 12 1-16 cents was still quoted for spot Mid.-Uplands; but Futures for September were four points higher, at 11·08, though for August they were five points lower, at 11·88 cents.

Our local Produce Markets have been closed to-day for a native holiday, and in other directions the usual mail day quiet has prevailed.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	191 bales.
Wheat	9,293 cwt.
Linseed	2,836 "
Ground Nuts	1,349 "

FREIGHTS remain dull. The "Armenia" (s) now ready to load, has been berthed for Marseilles at 13s. per ton. Cotton rekets in the Rubattino steamer have been given at Rs. 8½ per ton.

EXCHANGE.—Under the influence of the advance in the price of Silver noted above, this market opened at some advance on yesterday's final rates at 1s. 7¾d. for Bank Demand, and 1s. 8⅛d. for three months' sight Credits, and continued strong and advancing all day, a further rise of ⅛d. in Bank remittance, and 5-32d. in Credits having been established. The feeling at closing was firm at

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 8 1.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 29-32d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 8 5-32d.	"
Credits do.	1s. 8 13-32d.	"
Francs do.	215½.	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet and weak, and rates for Four per cents. receded early in the day to 101½ for cash; 101⅜ for this month's settlement; and 101 3-16 for the September account, the same rates being quoted to the close, but with little doing on any line. 103 is still the nominal rate for 4½ per cent. Paper.

SHARES have been very quiet, and the only changes in prices of Cotton Mill Scrip, which have taken place are a decline of Rs. 10 in Luckmidas; and an advance of Rs. 20 in Star of India, and of Rs. 2½ in Manockjee Petit, at our quotations. In Press shares, we note an advance of Rs. 35 in Harvey and Sabapathy; and of Rs. 10 in Khangaum; Hingolee being Rs. 5 lower. In miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 10 higher in the first issue, and Rs. 5 in the second, at Rs. 3,300, and Rs. 825 respectively; Treacher and Co. are Rs. 10 lower, at Rs. 1,040 per share.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.
LONDON, AUG. 14.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet; Surats quiet.

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

Good Dhollera	4¼d.
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 7¼d.
8¼ " "	6s. 10½d.
40s Mule Twist	10d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 7⅛d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	96 5-8
3 per cent. French Rentes	94½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	83½
4½ per cent. "	84½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	51 5-8d. per oz.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £22,100,000, increase, £1,500,000; public deposits, £2,300,000; unchanged other deposits, £28,800,000, increase, £300,000; other securities, £21,900,000, decrease, £1,700,000; notes and gold, £13,300,000, increase, £1,900,000. The Bank's reserve is 42 per cent. of the liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

AUGUST 15.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Telegrams in code or cipher for Khartoum (Porto Novo), on the west coast of Africa, are prohibited.
Telegrams for the Argentine Republic and beyond can only be accepted via Galveston.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 15th August, 1890.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	15	12	1	2	14
Teherau	15	1	42	...	53
Suez	15	2	10	...	20

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 15th August, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	33	...	1
" Karrachee	...	9	...	3
" Madras	...	39	...	1

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Colaba. In. cts.
Previously registered	63 38	64 79	67 62	53 73
August 15, Friday	0 17	0 7	0 3	0 37
Total	63 55	64 86	67 65	53 10
Total of corresponding date last year	59 53	64 21	62 85	56 21
Do. in 1888	49 3	43 70	48 59	47 76

Rainfall at Byculla, Fort, and the Esplanade registered from 6 p.m. to 6 p.m.; and at Colaba from 6 a.m. to 6 a.m.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Wernoth Hall s—600 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers; 15 cwts horns, P Dewjee; 200 bales cottonfy, &c., R Luckmidass; 225 bales gunny rags, Pragjee Heerjee and Co; 275 cwts myrabollams, H Dossa; 250 bales wool, Nursey Khutaw; 300 bales wool, Goculdas Toolseedas; 100 bales wool, E L Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Peninsular s—20 cwts ivory, N Mianjee.
Heurada s—200 cwts coiryarn, M Mooljee; 225 cwts cloves, and 11 cwts ivory, E Passiance and Co; 40 cwts sandalwood, Bhica Cullianjee; 16 cwts horns, G E Allibux; 70 cwts guns, S Nurpal; 182 cwts Indian condiments, M Poonjiajee and Sons.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Ehrenfels s—4,000 cwts poppyseed, F L Batlibhoi and Co; 2,001 cwts poppyseed, J C Bubby and Co; 210 cwts horns, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

R Rubattino s—14 cwts tilseed, Ralli Brothers.
Armenia s—3,960 cwts linseed, John Fachiri; 1,500 cwts groundnuts and 3,477 cwts copra, E D Sassoon and Co; 2,010 cwts copra, Esso Thawer.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—220 tons old iron pieces, R Tyebjee and Co; 1,999½ cwts linseed, Tod Durant and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Nizam s—100 cwts cloves, L Chuttoo; 80½ cwts coplate and 60½ cwts ivory, M M Essabhoy; 75 cwts onions, R Megjee; 84 bales twist, C Ebram; 25 bales twist, N I Sassoon; 175 cwts broken glass, M J Jamall; 113 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Nizam s—200 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 70 bales twist, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Nisam s—30 bales twist, Finlay, Muir and Co; 25 bales twist, Tata and Co; 25 bales twist, C Ebram.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Nizam s—75 bales twist, Tata and Co.

The Bombay Gazette.
SATURDAY, AUGUST 16, 1890.

AN eminent living poet and critic has spoken of the great Churchman who has passed away this week as "the man in the working of whose individual mind the intelligent portion of the English public is more interested than in that of any other living person." This is saying a great deal, but we doubt if it is saying too much. It is necessary, indeed, to take account of one of the characteristics of the English mind in order to understand why John Henry Newman remained to the last one of the foremost objects of his countrymen's interest. In England it is still true that religion competes, and competes successfully, with all other subjects of human concern for the attention of men who read and of men who think; and a great exponent of religious thought, provided only that he is well equipped with the arts and faculties of expression, is sure to retain a prominent place in popular regard. It is nevertheless true that Newman owed the tranquil renown which surrounded his name during the later years of his life, less to himself than to a good man who unnecessarily and unfortunately became his literary antagonist. Newman without the "*Apologia*" would have been a much less widely-esteemed person than the Newman who, in that famous effort of introspective reminiscence, won the hearts of the English people by demonstrating in its pages that he had been honest in the pursuit of truth, and that Kingsley, in saying the contrary, had done him a cruel wrong. The one great mistake of Kingsley's life was the one great triumph of Newman's, and Kingsley's friends were not long in recognising that he would have been well-advised if he had confined to the pages of "Westward Ho" his dissertations upon the ethical system of the Roman Church. It was the "*Apologia*," undoubtedly, which revealed Newman more fully to his countrymen than any of his other writings. For one who read his "Idea of a University" or his "Grammar of Assent," ten must have read the delightful autobiography in which he took the English people into his confidence, and told them "The History of his Religious Opinions." As a personal vindication nothing could have been more successful, and the full measure of the gain to the Church of Rome through Newman's entrance into her camp was not attained until the great convert had convinced the English people that he had been as honest in passing over to the "enemy" as they were in remaining where they were. Until the book appeared he had been looked at askance, as a man wanting in the more robust qualities of his race. People thought, with Kingsley, that he was given to "economising" truth, that he was less of an Englishman than he would have been had he remained where he was, that he had become separated from them by something more than the walls of a monastery. Newman knew what the world thought in regard to him, and Kingsley's attack gave him the opportunity for precipitating all the vague and indefinite prejudices regarding him that were in solution in the public opinion of the day. As he said, for twenty years a vague impression to his disadvantage had rested on the popular mind, as if his conduct towards the Anglican Church, while he was a member of it, had been inconsistent with Christian simplicity and uprightness. The courage of his vindication was the greater inasmuch as he knew that he had to appeal to a court that was prejudiced against him. "I will vanquish," he said, "not my accusers, but my judges." His chief accuser, Kingsley, frankly confessed that he had provoked an encounter with a champion who was too skilful for him. His judges cheerfully acquitted him, and ever since the attitude of all Englishmen of culture towards John Henry Newman was like that which Palmerston defined when in speaking of Peel he declared, for friend and foe, "We are all proud of him."

For the old misgivings concerning Newman could not survive by a day the guileless candour of his confessions. There is no part of his belief, no act in his religious life, which the book left unaccounted for. He had gathered in dogmas from all side, not excluding from the Evangelicals, who had him first under their influence, and of whom he proved an apt pupil. His singularly large receptivity and his susceptibility to external influence are exhibited in a series of admissions that he derived this idea or dogma from Whately, that from Hurrell Froude, another from Dr. Hawkins, the old Provost of Oriel, who seems only the other day to have been still in our midst, perpetuating the traditions of that distinguished House. But the external influences of a direct kind that set Newman on the path that led to Rome were neither many nor strong. The position of the English Church as an Establishment had more to do with the great change of his life than anything else. He was on his death-bed as regards the Establishment, he tells us, when the Jerusalem Bishopric was established—an act which, since it gave the Lutheran King of Prussia the power to choose a Bishop of the English Church seemed to him to be a sacrilegious abandonment of the principle of the Apostolic succession, and a concession to the Liberalism of the day which spared not even the Ark of the Covenant. The Early Fathers, though recent commentators on them have shown that many of them taught unmitigated Socialism, were disturbing reading for a mind sensitive to shocks of this kind. To such a mind the contrast between the Church of the third century and the English Church at the beginning of the reign, when a sceptical Premier and Erastian Prelates were doing their best to discourage the movement at Oxford towards primitive teaching and practice, must have been painful. The Fathers had led him to contrast the Church of which he was a minister with the early Church of which they were the luminaries, and in which he saw "something better than the Established Church, and that was the Church Catholic and Apostolic, set up from the beginning, of which she was but the local presence and the organ." That second reformation, as he called it, for which he worked aimed at realising the ideal thus shadowed forth. [illegible] he worked at it without suspecting whither he was being led. The last thing that presented itself to his mind was the possibility that the lines on which he and his associates were working ended in Rome. Up to a comparatively late stage of the Oxford movement the attitude of its leaders towards the Roman Church was one of pronounced hostility. As late as 1839 Newman scorned the imputation that his opinions were gaining from Rome. At the same time he was endeavouring by experiment to ascertain how much of the doctrine that other people looked upon as specially Roman the formularies of the English Church would bear without straining. As he said, "I do not think we have yet made fair trial how much the English Church will bear." The time came when he saw that it would bear much less than would suffice to make it conform to that ideal Church of the Fathers which he had set before himself. Then and only then he gave up the attempt. The history of Newman's religious opinions is, then, the history of a Churchman with pronounced antiquarian sympathies who happened, during a reign of Erastianism in the Church and of Liberalism in the State, to take to a study of the Early Fathers, and to become abnormally conscious of the wide gulf which parted the Established Church of Bishop Blomfield's time from the Church of the third century. Oddly enough, a local critic has credited Newman with Ritualistic views concerning the articles and formularies of the Church." Newman, as a matter of fact, was as little of a Ritualist as John Wesley. He was supremely indifferent to the æsthetic accompaniments of public worship which later on claimed for themselves a prominent place in the Church revival.

It needs a Newman rightly to analyze the mind and writings of Newman. He has been the subject of many theories, and many attempts have been made to give a fuller explanation of his opinions than he has given himself. One account that has been given of him is that the determining principle of his life was an innate scepticism, from which he was seeking refuge during the long years in which he was endeavouring to lay down the lines of the *Via Media*. Bishop Wilberforce, the basis of whose own convictions was often a subject of interest, once preached against Newman as having been borne upon the wings of an unbounded scepticism into the bosom of an unfathomable superstition. But Bishop Wilberforce had not then learnt, as he learnt later, that Newman preserved a certain liberty of appreciation in regard to the polity, and certainly to the popular religion, of Rome. His protest in anticipation of the proclamation of the dogma of infallibility marked him out, with Dupanloup, Strossmayer, and others, as at issue with the Ultramontanism of the day. Dr. Dollinger recognized the distinct place that Newman held in the Church when he expressed his doubt if the real opinions of the man were known at Rome, for had he written in French, Italian, or Latin, many of his books would have been placed on the *Index Expurgatorius*. There is deep significance in his confession in his well-known "Letter to the Duke of Norfolk" that he had had more to try and afflict him in many ways as a Catholic than he had had as an Anglican. We need not be inquisitive concerning all that this implies. Newman's countryman forgot, after the protest of 1870 had fallen ineffectually upon the ears of those to whom it was addressed, that he was a Liberal Catholic. His power for influencing the polity of Rome, if he ever had any, exhausted itself in that effort, and for the remainder of his time he was thought of by his countrymen chiefly as a master of English, who had enriched the language with some of the purest and most graceful prose that had ever been written. He never claimed to be a party leader, and even in the thick of the fight for Tractarianism he made no pretension to leadership. He did much for the Church into which he was born, for the movement which he began has left enduring results upon the life and methods of the Anglican Communion. The Church of his adoption has profited by his life mainly in so far as he has helped to change the attitude towards her of men of culture outside his communion. It is to him more than to any individual Catholic that the spirit which dictated the tone of the famous Durham Letter has almost died out in England, not so much through any controversial service that he may have done to Rome, as through the grace and charm with which his writings have presented her to people with whom it had become a traditional obligation to be hostile to her.

IT is to be hoped that the Secretary of State will severely discourage any attempt that may be made by the Burma Ruby Mines Company to be relieved from the obligations of their lease. Sir Lepel Griffin, the Chairman of the Company, has told the shareholders that they have a perfect right to call upon the Government to relieve them from the stipulated payment until satisfactory results can be shown. The Company may have a perfect right to ask this, but the Government would have no right to accede to the request. Messrs. Streeter and Co., the chief promoters of the undertaking, went into it with their eyes open. More than four years ago the Streeter Syndicate offered three lakhs per annum for a lease of the mines. When a local firm made the same offer, Streeter's agent at once offered four lakhs. If the terms were fair then, they are fair now, and the concessionaires had ample opportunity for reconsidering the offer if there were any reason to think it excessive. It cannot be pretended that the bargain was pressed upon the concessionaires and the Company who have entered into possession of their rights. Their first offer was made in April, 1886, and though the Government of India were ready, and even anxious, to accept it at once, Lord Cross, with a judgment which does him credit, refused to ratify the provisional agreement which was made with the representative of the Syndicate in India until the mines had been examined by an expert deputed by the India Office. As a matter of fact more than two years intervened between the original offer and its final acceptance. These are not circumstances under which a right to special consideration can be presumed. And if the Company had held their concession from Messrs. Rothschild, instead of from the Government of India, Sir Lepel Griffin would scarcely have asked to be released from his bargain. Messrs. Streeter were by no means the only people who were in the field. Three lakhs a year were offered for the concession by a substantial firm in Rangoon, and another very liberal offer was made by one would-be concessionaire who was reported to have great financial influence at his back. Nor could any case be made out for a temporary release from the obligation to pay royalty on the ground that the property has to be developed. The Company are not in the position of adventurers who are working a new mine, and who have therefore to begin by expending money and labour which yield no direct return. They are, in fact, the continuators of an enterprise that had already long been carried on. King Theebaw had derived large revenues from it, and the Streeter Syndicate after careful examination of the tract had come to the conclusion that they could make much more, and that they could afford to pay for the concession a sum in excess of the largest revenue that Theebaw had ever derived from it. We say again, then, that if ever a company set about an enterprise with its eyes open the Burma Ruby Mines Company did, and we altogether fail to see what reason they have to ask for consideration. Nothing can be more just than the observations of the *Economist* on this subject. Our financial contemporary says that the Government of India "would deserve the highest censure if they sacrificed the interests of the tax-payers, who, because of their poverty, are entitled to so much consideration, if they assented to a proposition which would have the direct effect of lessening the public revenues of the Province of Burma, and in consequence increasing the burdens which the taxpayers now have to bear." The claim is the more indefensible as it is known that however little may have been made at the Ruby Mines, large gains have been made on Ruby Mines' shares. This *ad misericordiam* appeal comes strangely from a company whose ordinary shares in the early days of its career were quoted at just eight times their paid-up value, while the founders' shares of a nominal value of £1 each were sold at £350. The Company which has thus revelled in premature prosperity would do better if irretrievable misfortune has come upon it to meet its obligations without repining, close its doors, and say no more about the matter.

MR. BRADLAUGH never shows to greater advantage than when he is engaged in controversy with his enemies of the Social democrat persuasion. He met them the other night personified by Mr. H. M. Hyndman, with whom he debated for a couple of hours on the expediency of enac

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

THE WELSH LABOUR STRIKES.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The strikes in Wales have been settled, the masters having conceded the men's demands so far as the hours of labour are concerned. The shorter hours will be worked forthwith.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

THE LIGHTEST TAXED COUNTRY IN THE WORLD.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

The Indian Budget Estimates were agreed to by the House of Commons last night.

Mr. Bradlaugh and others, in the course of the debate, complained of the tardiness of the Secretary of State in presenting the Estimates.

Sir Richard Temple eulogised the Budget and congratulated India on having the lightest taxation of any country in the world.

The attendance in the House during the debate was but meagre.

THE PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

Parliament will be prorogued on Monday next.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE FINANCIAL STATUS OF THE INDIAN BUDGET.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

In the House of Commons last night Sir John Gorst, in explaining the Indian Budget announced that the surplus for 1889-90 was £2,677,000, and was due to the rise in the value of the rupee, the increase in revenue, and the reduction in expenditure.

The surplus for the current year is £ 1,870,000; this increase over the estimate is, he said, entirely due to the rise in exchange, without which it would have been half a million below the estimate.

There will be a reduction of the salt duty; £1,500,000 of which duty has been applied to the Famine Fund.

Sir John Gorst, in conclusion, said the financial status of India was most encouraging.

SIR BRADFORD CONVALESCENT.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

Sir Edward Bradford is progressing favorably, and is only suffering from a shock of a fall. It appears he fell clear off his horse, which did not roll on him, as was stated.

THE PROPOSED BENGAL-ASSAM RAILWAY.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

In the House of Commons Sir John Gorst announced that Lord Cross was still considering the question of the construction of the proposed Bengal and Assam Railway.

TREATY RIGHTS FOR BRITISH INDIANS.

LONDON, Aug. 15.

In reply to a question, Sir John Gorst said that Lord Cross was using every means in his power to secure treaty rights for British Indians residing in Orange Free State.

THE HOUSING OF LEPERS BILL.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

The following despatch of the Government of India to the Secretary of State regarding the Lepers Bill making provision for the isolation of lepers has been published. Before referring to the opinions expressed by the local Governments and public bodies, we desire to draw attention to the fact that many medical men have expressly stated whether they consider leprosy, in its different stages, to be contagious, under the impression that the Bill was framed on the assumption of contagiousness; it is right, however, to inform your Lordship that many of the highest medical authorities in India consider it only contagious in the sense that it is innocuable; and also consider the phenomena of the distribution of the disease to be altogether adverse to the belief that contagion plays an important part in its diffusion.

Doctor Cunningham, who in the capacity of Special Assistant to the Sanitary Commissioner, and is the chief scientific adviser to Government, believes the evidence regarding the communicability of leprosy to be imperfect, but he is opposed to the theory that the disease could be readily communicable by contagion even in the ulcerative stage.

The opinions of the local Government exhibit great divergence. The Madras Government considers that if it is intended to stamp out the disease, far more thorough legislation is essential, and every leper should be compulsorily removed to the asylum.

The Governor-General is unable to approve, but supports the proposal of having a control over lepers carrying on the avocations of butchers, bakers, bazar-keepers, barbers, and washermen.

The views of the Bombay Government are in close accord with those of Madras. They consider the Bill to be ineffectual unless made compulsory and affecting all lepers in every condition of life, and would have it declared to be an offence under the Indian Penal Code for any person consciously suffering from leprosy and not segregating himself.

The Bengal Government is prepared to accept the Bill tentatively, but asks for provisions similar to the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

The Governments of the North-West Provinces and the Punjab consider that the Bill should apply to all lepers engaged in trade or using public conveyances. The Government of India cannot pledge itself to accept the conclusions of the Commission, which the Committee of the National Leprosy Fund proposes to appoint, but will depute two medical officers to co-operate with the Commission, and in the meantime thinks it expedient to postpone legislation for the present.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

POONA, Aug. 15.

Surgeon-Major Barren, 16th Bombay Infantry, is appointed to officiate, in medical charge, Sappers and Miners, *vice* Surgeon-Major Davidson transferred.

Civil Department.—Surgeon Jenner, General Duty, Bombay, is appointed to officiate, in medical charge, 1st Battalion Rifle Regiment, *vice* Surgeon Barry transferred.

Surgeon Cleveland General Duty, Bombay, is appointed to officiate in medical charge, 16th Bombay Infantry, *vice* Surgeon-Major Barren transferred.

Surgeon Barry, 4th Bombay Infantry, is appointed to officiate in medical charge Marine Battalion, *vice* Surgeon-Major Burroughs, on sick leave.

Lieutenant Tighe, District Staff Officer, is seconded in his regiment up to June 1, 1891.

Lieutenant Watson, 1st Battalion, West Riding Regiment, having ceased to be Aide-de-Camp to the Political Resident at Aden, is directed to proceed to England to rejoin his Battalion.

Leave has been granted to Surgeon Kilkelly to remain in England, on extension, for one month, on private affairs.

POLO AT KIRKEE.

There will be a polo match at Kirkee to-morrow between the 19th Hussars and the Royal Artillery.

PRIZES FOR THE HORTICULTURAL SHOW.

Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy and Colonel Hibbert have given Rs. 40 in prizes at the forthcoming Horticultural Show, which promises to be a great success.

THE NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

Members of the National Indian Association will hold their meeting here to-morrow.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, Aug. 15.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Peshawur, with the outward English mails of the 6th instant, left here for Bombay, at 9 p.m. yesterday.

THE POONA *VS.* PARSEES CRICKET MATCH.

LORD HARRIS AND UNFAIR BOWLING.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

POONA, Aug. 15.

The return match between Poona and the Parsees, which has been looked forward to with much excitement, commenced to-day on the Gymkhana ground in splendid weather, and in the presence of some two or three thousand spectators. It was the largest gathering that has ever assembled to see a cricket match in Poona. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris came early, and stayed throughout the day. The Parsees won the toss and elected to take the innings, which was a blunder to begin with as they had much the worst of the wicket. The batting display of the Parsees was a great disappointment, the whole ten wickets falling to the bowling of Messrs. Leslie and Stockdale for the small total of 87 runs. The only stand made was by Messrs. M. Kanga and Dubash, who were responsible for 42 runs. The Poona fielding was much better than was expected, Colonel Rhodes, at "point," made a most brilliant display, and held three magnificent catches. Major Von Donop as wicket-keeper was in first-class form, and did not give a single bye. Messrs. Lea, Stockdale, and Leslie bore the brunt of the attack, and bowled well after the first two wickets fell; Gordon also helped in disposing of the Parsees. The innings of the visitors closed just before lunch, when the Elevens adjourned to the Council Hall, where they were entertained by Lord Harris.

The host, in proposing the health of H. M. the Queen, said:—"Mr. Patel and Gentlemen,—I am glad to have had an opportunity of entertaining you and assuring you that I take a keen interest in your cricket affairs as well as in those of my own countrymen. I believe that in encouraging fondness for athletic games you are doing a great service to the nationalities of this country. There are not wanting some who would minimize your devotion to cricket, and who would criticise it as of no value and as a waste of time. I should recommend you not to distress yourselves by such carpings, and to remember that a people, to be great and to make themselves respected, must cultivate bodily as well as mental activity; and that there is nothing to prevent your doing both. Holding the opinion as I do of general good to be produced by moderate pursuit of active outdoor pursuits, it has given me the greatest pleasure to observe the stronghold that cricket has taken on the natives of India in this Presidency. Gentlemen, it has been conveyed to me that if I could have taken part in this match it would have given you pleasure. The desire is capable of double construction; but I will take the liberty of assuming that it was in a complimentary sense, and thank you for it. But there were several reasons why I should not have taken part in this match, two of which at least are good enough to my mind. In the first place, whilst I can find time for an occasional one-day's match of a parochial character, I certainly have not the time to practise for important matches like this, nor do I care to give two days to a game, of which I have had my fair share, when there is more important work to be done; and in the second place, if I were to take part in an international match like this, I should be deserting that attitude of impartiality towards the various races in this Presidency, which I am especially anxious to maintain. Gentlemen, you will perhaps wish that I should offer you my opinion on the vexed question of doubtful actions which has been exercising the minds of the cricketing public in this Presidency of late. I had hoped that I had done with vexed cricketing questions when I left home; but as I cannot ignore that my opinion has been referred to as carrying some weight, I cannot refuse to give it. I know that it has been suggested that I should act as referee in the case of a particular action. Although I regret to disoblige any who may so wish it; there are two excellent reasons why I should not. In the first place it is well known that I have a mortal antipathy to any action that is in the least suspicious; indeed I have so strong a bias against doubtful actions, that I have no doubt my friends at home would describe it as a monomania. Under such circumstances I should not be an impartial judge. In the second place the rules of the game have already supplied you with two excellent officials who are the sole judges of fair or unfair play and who, if they have studied the rules of the game, know that with regard to this particular question, if they are not satisfied with the absolute fairness of any ball, it is their duty to call "no ball." I lay stress on the words "absolute fairness," because they were inserted on my motion when the laws were revised, and because I hoped that umpires, with that law behind them, would take my view, and give the doubt against the bowler. The laws lay the responsibility on umpires, and with their prerogative I have no intention of interfering. Gentlemen, I have not thought it inappropriate to preface the loyal toast we are about to drink with these remarks about the game which is no ordinary game, and which has spread over the globe as her Majesty's wide dominions have extended, and which is now doing something to knit them together. It has many ennobling attributes, and, pursued as it is for honour, nothing is more worthy of being encouraged in its present form. Gentlemen, I give you the toast of her Majesty the Queen.

The toast was drunk standing with musical honours.

Poona after lunch began their innings; but only Messrs. Stockdale and Rhodes got into double figures. Mr. Stockdale repeated his performance of Bombay, and was simply invaluable to his side. The Parsee fielding was superb, nothing like it having been seen in Poona this season. The bowling was above the average, especially that of Pavri. Mody who was carefully watched by the Poona umpire was twice "no balled" for throwing. The Parsees with 3 in the minority on the first innings went in again at 5 o'clock. Mr. Morenas was soon dismissed; but Messrs. Pavri and M. Kanga played out time, and contributed 25 each, the whole score being 55 runs The Parsee captain won the toss and took the innings, sending in Messrs. Kanga and Dubash to oppose the bowling of Messrs. Leslie and Gordon. Mr. Leslie opened the attack by sending down a maiden to Kanga. Dubash started to score by snicking a ball from Gordon for a single. In Gordon's second over Dubash sent a hot one to Martin at mid-wicket which was dropped. Kanga then commenced to score by sending a loose one from Gordon to leg for a single. This he followed up by hitting one of Leslie's to the off ride for three. Dubash then got the same bowler away for two in a similar manner off an open full pitch to leg for two. This completed first decade, which took ten minutes. This is a little surprising as the bowling was very loose, but the next ten runs were made more smartly, Dubash being the chief contributor. This caused a change in bowling, Anderson being deputed to relieve Leslie at the pavilion end, while Gordon surrendered the ball to Stockdale. The change had no immediate effect on the batsmen. Kanga hit Anderson several times to leg, and both associates punished Stockdale's bowling, who though straight on the wicket was not difficult to play. At 34 Dubash gave a fairly hard catch to Major Von Donop, who kept wicket, but the chance was not taken. The same bat in the next over from Stockdale raised one, which Martin at short slip did not reach. The game was now slow and unsatisfactory, the batting being tame and the bowling bad. In the course of ten minutes only two runs were scored. At last Dubash was taken behind the wicket off Stockdale's bowling having played a flukey innings for 21, (1 for 36). Morenas filled the vacancy and Kanga sent up the score to 40, slogging Anderson's balls three times for 2. The fresh man began by hitting a full pitch from Stockdale to leg for 3, then treating Leslie who had taken the place of Anderson similarly for 2. Things were made livelier after this. Morenas played a fine straight bat, while his partner continued to score steadily. At 12-30 the half century was signalled. Then Kanga gave the first chance, which was not allowed to pass by Rhodes, who fielded at point. Kanga played good steady cricket, his contribution of 21 being invaluable, (2 for 50). Gagrat whose appearance was greeted with a perfect ovation by the Parsees was bowled by Leslie off his pads in the second ball. This was a clear gain to Poona, which it is impossible to underrate. D. Kanga, another left-handed bat, then partnered Morenas. Leslie and Stockdale, however, were now masters of the wicket, and the batsmen were not disposed to take liberties. When Kanga did attempt to do so with Stockdale, he sent a ball into Rhodes' hands at cover point, and he cleverly held it, (4 for 51). Pavri followed, but did not trouble the scorers, being disposed of in the same way as Dubash. Bapasola met his doom at the hands of the demon catch, the urbane Military Secretary, who was a splendid catch hard and low, which shut the Colonel clean off his feet. The Parsee captain then went in, but he immediately lost his associate Morenas, who was the first man to be clean bowled. He made 10 runs in good style, (7 for 53). Vakil joined his commander, and a short stand was made. Patel adopted "barn-door tactics," hitting out only occasionally, and leaving his partner to do the scoring. After 60 had been scored, Stockdale who had gone off, was replaced by Gordon, whose first ball Vakil hit to leg for 2. Gordon proving unsatisfactory at the south end Stockdale resumed his old position with Gordon opposite. The total was raised by singles till Stockdale sent a full pitch to leg to the Parsee captain, who got it on the middle of his bat, and ran three for it. This, however, ended his career. In the next over of Gordon's, he mistimed a half volley, which went up off the handle of his bat, and he was caught behind the wicket by Von Donop, (8 for 72). In the same over, Gordon dismissed Vakil, (9 for 73). Mody shaped well and began to score immediately, faster than any of his comrades; he made two grand drives of Stockdale over the bowler's head. After making twelve he was cleverly bowled by Stockdale, and the innings closed for 87. The following is the score:—

M D Kanga, c Rhodes, b Leslie	21
D F Dubash, c Von Donop, b Stockdale	21
J M Morenas, b Leslie	10
B D Gagrat, b Leslie.....	0
D D Kanga, c Rhodes, b Stockdale...	0
N D Pavri, c Von Donop, b Stockdale	0
M C Bapasola, c Rhodes, b Stockdale	0
J M Patel, c Von Donop, b Gordon ..	11
K H Vakil, b Gordon.....	9
R E Mody, b Stockdale.....	12
D C Pundole, not out.....	3
Wides	1
Total...	87

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B.	R.	M.	W.
Leslie.....	85	24	7	3
Gordon	65	17	2	2
Anderson	35	14	3	0
Stockdale	104	31	7	5

Poona commenced their venture after lunch at 3-10, with Doctor Croly and Colonel Rhodes, the bowling being entrusted to Mody and Pavri. Mody began with the usual maiden; then Rhodes opened the ball with a splendid hit to leg for 4. The next over saw Croly's despatch, from an easy return to Mody, (1 for 4). Stockdale filled the vacancy, and began by driving Mody for a single. Then Rhodes made a pretty drive off the same bowler for 4. Then Doctor Barnes, the Poona umpire, "no balled" Mody, Colonel Rhodes scoring 2 off it with a hit to leg. Stockdale hit his next to the boundary for 4. Pavri meanwhile was bowling very well, and the batsmen were not at all comfortable with him. The Parsee fielding was superb. Unless the balls were cleverly placed it was impossible to get a run. Stockdale who then received an injury to his knee was obliged to get Gordon to run for him. For a long time not a notch was made, the fielders saving at least a score of runs, till at last Stockdale got Pavri away to long leg for 4. Then Rhodes drove Mody for 3, and completed the third 10. Stockdale then cut Mody through the slips to the south boundary. With the last ball of this expensive over Mody dislodged Rhodes just tipping the bails. The retiring batsman played a splendid game for his 15, which score does not by any means represent the cricket he played. With Gymkhana fielding he would at least have secured double the number, (2 for 35). Doctor Martin succeeded to the vacant wicket, and Stockdale was soon afterwards missed rather easily in the slips by Pavri. When the score was at 40, Barnes again "no balled" Mody for throwing. A change was here made in the bowling, M. D. Kanga and Gagrat relieving Pavri and Mody respectively. Gagrat's first "grub" was too much for Stockdale, and took his leg stump. Stockdale played a beautiful straight bat, each of his 27 being well played for. He gave one hand chance, but that was when he had made the larger portion of his score, (3 for 53). Cox and Martin were then in, and assumed the defensive, content with keeping up their wickets. Runs principally came by singles. Cox after making 9, was captured by Kanga, (4 for 64). Martin did not survive his late partner an over, having put his leg before a twisting ball from Pavri, who had taken the place of Gagrat, (5 for 64). Fitz-Clarence made things a bit livelier till the latter "skied" one from Pavri, and was taken behind the wicket by Gagrat, (6 for 74). Kanga dislodged Von Donop, when only another run was added. Wilson lasted no time, but Gordon and Leslie seemed good for a stand till Leslie was unfortunately run out, owing to his partner's fault, (9 for 86). Anderson then went in and made the required run to tie. There is nothing more to relate. When the last wicket fell the total had just reached 90. The following is the score:—

Doctor Croly, c and b Mody	0
Colonel Rhodes, b Mody.....	15
H Stockdale, b Gagrat	27
Doctor Martin, l-b-w b Pavri.....	5
Captain Cox, b M Kanga	9
Major Von Donop, b M Kanga	1
FitzClarence, c Gagrat, b Pavri.....	5
Gordon, b Pavri..	6
Leslie, run out	3
M Anderson, not out...	3
Extras.....	7
Total.....	90

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B.	R.	M.	W.
Mody	75	26	8	2
Pavri	104	24	10	4
Kanga	55	19	5	2
Gagrat.....	40	12	3	1

Mody bowled 2 no balls.

INSPECTION OF THE SIND CANALS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 15.

Sir Charles Elliott, accompanied by Colonel Forbes, will inspect the Sind Canals during the cold weather visit not connected with the Irrigation Conference at Bombay, which the Public Works Minister will not attend.

UNITED SERVICE INSTITUTION LECTURES.

Among the season lectures at the United Service Institution, Simla, will be one by Colonel Deane, Director of Army Remount Department. Subject: "Horsing, Artillery and Cavalry, in India under latest conditions."

SIR THOMAS BAKER.

Sir Thomas Baker rejoins Rawal Pindi before taking charge of Quartermaster-Generalship in October, and is probably now on his way. Lord Frankfort consequently returns to Allahabad for a short time at the expiration of his leave.

BURGLARY.

A native shopkeeper, named Mahomed Ismail, of Allahabad City, residing at Ayahapur, was robbed of currency notes to the value of Rs. 2,200, and cash Rs. 200 on Thursday night. Entrance was effected in the house by boring a hole in the wall. The robbers are still at large.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

SIMLA, Aug. 15.

Military Department.—Captain Hamilton, East Lancashire Regiment, is appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, *vice* Captain Jennings.

Colonel Necolay has been granted one year's leave.

The furlough, granted to Surgeon-Major Duncan, has been cancelled.

Colonel Boileau, Bengal Staff Corps, has been permitted to reside out of India.

Promotions.—To be Lieut-Colonel: Major Stonus Gordon.

Colonel Henry Little, C. B., Bengal, succeeds to Colonel's allowances in room of General Æneas Perkins; Colonel Alfred Mackenzie, C. B., Bengal Cavalry, succeeds to the Colonel's allowances, *vice* Sir Benjamin Simpson; General Pottinger Bombay succeeds to Colonel's allowances, *vice* Colonel Street.

The following permanent promotions in the Military Works, with effect from 1st June, have taken place:—Major Duperier and Captain Hildebrand to be Executive Engineer, First Grade; Captains Ellis, Finnis, Digby, Mein, Day, and Onslow to be Executive Engineers, Second Grade: Captains Stanton, Williams, Chesney, Mullaly, Learoyd, and Kelly to be Executive Engineers, Third Grade; Captains Townshend, Allen, Dallas, Biggs, Hemming, Nathan, and Tuke to be Executive Engineers, Fourth Grade; Lieutenants Hunter, Casgrain, Nanton, and Paul to be Assistant Engineers, First Grade; Lieutenants Tilley, Picton, Jones, Partridge, Kingscot, Nathan, Boileau, Austin, Lethbury, Harrison, Rivett-Carnac, Liddell, Hingston, Crookshank, Thuillier, Morice, Bullock, Clayton, Kemp, and Carmichael to be Assistant Engineers, Second Grade; all Royal Engineers.

Major Grant, Assistant Secretary, Military Department, has been promoted to Executive Engineer, First Grade, *pro tem.*

Captain Creigh, Indian Marine, has been granted furlough for one year.

Foreign Department.—Lieutenant Cockcraft, Bombay Infantry, officiates as Wing Officer, Meywar Bhil Corps.

H. E. the Governor-General has been pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. W. R. Macdonnell as Consul for Denmark at Bombay.

Captain Cole, Erinpura Irregular Force, has been appointed as Station Staff Officer, Erinpura, in addition to his own duties.

Surgeon Harrington, Deoli Force, is granted leave.

VANITY FAIR.

[FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, July 25.

"Tout lasse, tout passe, tout casse"—even the London Season! Already the last dreary days have come, and the dismal initials "P. P. C." appears in the corner of every visiting card. Farewell dinners have been eaten, farewell teas have been sipped, farewell gossip exchanged, and the only thing that remains to be done is to pack our dress-baskets—those arks which are as essential now to woman's salvation as in the time of Mrs. Shem, Ham, Japhet, and Noah—and depart to seaside, moorland, mountain or valley dwellings, hereditary or hired, leaving London a prey to the abomination of desolation of three and a half million people who in court and society journals are represented by the figure 0. What an exodus it is! Every year as travelling becomes more general the bigger the multitude that flocks country wards at the close of the London season; and alas! for the railway porter, the bigger the arks that accompany them. In this age of new societies for the prevention of cruelty to animals, to children, to the masses generally, would not some kind philanthropist think of the bent-backed porter—the beast of burden of suburban railway stations, and found a society for the prevention of over-packing our trunks and for the suppression of the large majority of them. It might not be a popular association amongst women, but it would be sure of the support of mankind. But this is by the way. To will take some time and some courses of lectures to bring us into a frame of mind in which we still sacrifice a picturously lovely tea gown, or an elegant morning *negligé* to our good feeling for the over-weighted slave of the railway station. Meanwhile a recipe for reducing our properties is to pack them ourselves—by the time we have struggled to get in one thing after another into an overflowing box, we come to the conclusion that life would be ever so much better worth living if our entire kit consisted in a necklace or a tuft of feathers, and that the luxury of owning a trunk was unpreamed of in our philosophy.

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Here is a pleasant incident connected with the departure of a Mr. and Mrs. Bowerman for the seaside. Mrs. Bowerman had been packing seven days and nights, and when her husband went up at 10 a. m. she was in tears. "You see how it is," she said as he looked down on her in awful contempt, "I've got only part of my dresses in here, to say nothing of a thousand other things, and even now the lid won't shut down. I've got such a headache, I must lie down for a few minutes." She went away, and Mr. B. sat on a couch and mused—"Space is space. The use of space is in knowing how to utilize it." Removing everything, he began to repack. He found that a silk dress could be rolled into the size of a quart jug. A freshly-starched lawn gown was made to take the place of a pair of slippers. Her brown holland fitted into the nice she had reserved for three handkerchiefs, and her best bonnet was turned bottom up in its box and packed full of underclothing. He sat there viewing sufficient empty space to pack a whole bed, when she returned, and said he was the only real good husband in the world, and she kissed him as he turned the key. "It is simply the difference between the sexes," was his patronizing reply. When that wife opened that trunk last night—but screams and shrieks could avail nothing.

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I am indebted for the above instructive narrative to *Pearson's Weekly*, the last literary rival to *Tit Bits*, *Short Cuts*, and the various enterprising literary productions that are engaged in amusing us, and at the same time giving us pianos, sewing machines, gold watches in exchange for the modest sum of one penny. Pearson's also gives £1,000 insurance money to any one who has the good fortune to have his nearest relative killed on the railway while in possession of the current number. I am afraid Pearson has not gone the right way to secure the support of nomad woman by adopting a flaring gaudy pink cover that would be sure to kill the colour of her gown and her complexion even if she survived the journey. Pearson also undertakes to provide annuities for clergymen and ministers of all denominations. Why or wherefore the clergy are singled out for this mark of regard does not appear. Is it a bribe to encourage the minister to mention to their flocks that Pearson's is the pink'un that will interest, elevate, and amuse, that it is of equal interest to men, women, and children, and that at all seasons all righteous persons should be found with a copy in their possession. It seems a splendid plan of advertising gratis—but clergymen had best beware—after Pearson's distribution of annuities there will be disestablishment. If the periodicals will support our clergymen they will relieve us of the burden. Perhaps another weekly would be so generous as to endow the Workhouses, and another to keep up the Army, Navy, and Civil Service. Then what a perfect little world we should have,—with no fights over Naval and Military Estimates, no squabbling over Poor Law Administration, no tiresome questions of Church Endowment. It would be the happy land with an anticipated millennium.

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It seems something like a coming of the millennium when there are—in spite of all the sinister reports of the failure of marriage—nine applications for the Dumnow flitch this year. Out of the nine, two couples have been selected by the committee. The candidates all of middle age and one is a native of Dumnow, a gardener now at Tottenham, the others live in London. There have been so many weddings here of late that we shall be surprised if so few Londoners qualify next year. The latest entries have been Viscount Glentworth, of the Rifle Brigade, and Miss Mary Imelda Irwin, daughter of Mr. J. Burke Irwin, R. M., of the Priory, Limerick, who were married at St. Mary's Catholic Church, Cadogan Street, on Wednesday, 23rd Inst. Viscount Glentworth is the son of the Earl of Limerick, owner of the modern mediæval castle of Dromore-on-the-Shannon and other properties of more picturesqueness than pecuniary value. The bride attended by her sister Miss Alice Irwin looked very charming in her gown of white *duchesse* satin draped with exquisite Irish lace and her tiny wreath of natural flowers. Mr. Frank Repton was best man. The church, which is a small but elegantly proportioned gothic building, was decorated with masses of white flowers and tall hot-house ferns and palms, and the ceremony was performed by the Rev. M. A. Kelly, assisted by the Rev. J. Hayes, Rector of Farm Street and Rev. M. Gavin, S. J. Later in the afternoon a reception was given by Mrs. Lane, aunt of the bridegroom at her residence, 21, Queen's-Gate Place, where all the friends and relatives of the bride and groom assembled to congratulate them and to inspect the presents. In the evening Viscount and Viscountess Glentworth left for Hemburg.

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London is preparing to have yet another social club "the Orpheus," which will hold its meetings, concerts, soirées and general entertainments on Sundays, so that the different departments of literature, science, art, and sport may fraternize on what is practically for most people the only free day for rest. Among the names on the committee are those of Mr. W. Beatty-Kingston, Mr. Mark H. Judge, Mr. Val Prinsep, A. R. A., Mr. Arthur Severn, R. I., and the Hon. Lewis Wingfield. The galleries of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water-Colours will be the rendezvous, and ladies will be offered the privilege of membership. The club will open in October, and all information thereupon may be had from the hon. secretary at the Galleries, Piccadilly. In the minds of many strict Sabbatarians I am afraid the proposal to start a Sunday club will suggest a multiplication of the *rôle* of Orphée aux Enfers, but after all we cannot all be perfect—it would be too monotonous.

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On Saturday the Prince and Princess are expected to attend two weddings in which they have a particular interest: that of Mdlle. Vauthier, who has been a long time in their Royal Highnesses's Household, and that of the Hon. Blanche Colville, the daughter of Lord Colville of Culross, Chamberlain to the Prince of Wales. During these last days the Prince and Princess have been kept busily engaged in South London. Their first visit was to the Evelina Hospital for Sick Children, where a little patient in a white frock presented them with a bouquet of orchids. The Princess was looking very well in a pale blue figured foulard, with a trimming of Tour Eiffel lace and a dainty little bonnet of gold lace and pale blue lisse. Princess Victoria wore a dress of eau de nil washing silk with black stripes and trimmed with black passementerie and a toque with crimson carnations, and Princess Maud's dress was pinkish, trimmed also with black and with scarlet flowers in her toque. The Princesses went round to every bed and said a pleasant word to each of the little sufferers, who were looking as bright as possible in little blue or red jackets. The Hospital is the only one in South London for children's diseases, and it is urgently in need of funds, so it is to be hoped that the interest shown by the Princess will be extended to others who have means to give help towards alleviating the pains of the little sufferers.

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After visiting the Hospital, the Prince and Princess drove to St. Saviour's Southwark, where they laid the memorial stone of the new nave. Then the Royal party adjourned to the site of the Royal South London Ophthalmic Hospital in St. George's Circus. The new building will cost £20,000 which has been already subscribed, and will contain forty beds and accommodation for 30,000 out-patients. It will be erected on the best principles. A covered way for the entry and exit of patients, a refreshment shop to accommodate those who are long detained, and an ingenious scheme by which patients circulate through the successive stages of waiting-rooms, consulting-rooms, dispensary, and finally to the exit without being met by door stop or obstruction will be found a great boon by the unfortunate patients, whose defective sight make them specially helpless in strange places.

CASUAL LETTERS FROM ARAMPUR.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

ARAMPUR, Aug. 14.

In discussing the social outlook last night with the wise men and women of Arampur my heart misgave me sorely: I could fix upon nothing in the recent past or immediate future likely to prove of absorbing interest to the large world. To the usual query, "Well, Brown, what are you going to say of us to-morrow?" I had no ready reply—my glowing imagination flitted unsatisfied from point to point; the blank and leaden landscape refused to brighten into life under the searching rays of my ardent fancy. "Poscimur se quid vacui sub umbra lusimus tecum" I murmured in the deepest dejection: "truly we are a vacuous lot just now—we are not supporting our reputations."

"By-the-by," said Figs, "you provided *me* with a reputation and a character, I don't claim or desire. I beg you will correct your statement Brown. Not take any interest in the drains indeed: why, my good Sir, I was two hours this very morning hovering like a guardian sanitary angel over the local microbe preserves: and I've contracted a dreadful headache in the discharge of duty. Not evince any solicitude for the municipal life and growth of Arampur! What next? Why, Brown, this is either crass ignorance or malevolent misrepresentation! I had a most successful meeting two days ago; raised the wheel-tax, the octroi dues and several other cesses, and imposed three entirely new and profitable taxes. Just you wait my friend till your municipal bills come in, and then judge whether we are energetic and progressive or not." "I shan't pay," ejaculated Dare laconically but firmly. "And why not, pray?" enquired Figs severely. "I am not quite sure yet upon what ground, Figs, I intend to resist your immoral impositions don't you know," replied Dare in his sweet low voice, "and but they *are* impositions, shocking impositions, Figs, and as a free-born Briton and head of the police, don't you know, I must resist—here, boy, whiskey and soda lao."

Then Figs said that it was most disheartening: as soon as he attempted to raise ample funds out of which to supply us with all the sweet boons of an active municipality, he met with the most unexpected opposition and found himself plunged into interminable litigation—"I've just framed a beautiful tax on bicycles," said he, "a kind of corollary to the wheel-tax, and Pills vows that it is nothing more than a barefaced robbery. As if it mattered whether there were more than one bicycle in the station! The principle is admirable, and Pills must pay." "Obsta principiis," replied Pills doggedly, "none of your principles. You will find that quotation (which is also my family motto) in Thomas Carlyle." You must understand my indulgent readers that Pills is Lancet's successor. After the harrowing task of describing the departure of Potts I was quite unequal to the task of uncorking my tears again over the almost equally irreparable loss of our Lancet. But he has gone, gone alas! like a beautiful dream, and Pills reigns in his stead. The *Arampur Trumpeter* had a most affecting notice of Lancet's transfer. "Dr. Lancet was a man of incomparable social qualities," wrote the editor, "and had several degrees after his name. He was an accomplished vocalist, and was ever ready to use his gifts on the cause of charity." When we read this we were filled with a strange wonder. Once and once only had Lancet ever been known to lift up his voice in public; and the occasion was not a charity concert. It was in fact at one of these convivial suppers following a banquet to a Royal personage, which signalized the close of last year's Arampur season. The Colonel was in the chair; Teaque had intoned and sung many chaste melodies of the Emerald Isle, "Once I'm off Brown me boy," he confided to me, "I sing just like anything—but it's the shyness at starting that troubles me." Hanson, our adjutant, had contributed the first line of three verses of a well-known song—unhappily his memory carried him no further, and the result was touchingly pathetic, like the speaking fragments of some priceless gem of antiquity lost, for ever lost, in its beautiful completeness. And then after an awkward pause and some judicious coaxing Lancet trilled his simple lay. The last line of the tenth verse the soothing refrain had lulled most of us to sleep—and Lancet was very much hurt at the total absence of an appreciative artistic sense in his audience. Ah! the fleeting days! the irrecoverable past! The rosy chaplets are fallen withered on the floor; the old familiar faces all, all are gone; and the friendly tones, the well-remembered voices echo ever fainter and more faintly still in the hollow types of memory. Well, Pills is in charge of the invalids now. Pills is a bicyclist as you have already no doubt inferred. He carries no black bag behind him: he rarely talks of antiseptics, and he is a ravishing performer on the violin. I went to see him the other morning in Lancet's old bungalow. Pills is a very old friend of mine—and Lancet's impalpable presence seemed to overshadow the threshold. The aroma of his medicine chest was in the air. "You may break, you may scatter the vase if you will but the scents of our Lancet hang round it still." Poor Lancet he is in a desert spot with a phantom hospital, hardly a patient, hardly an amputation to amuse him, "Quando allum inveniet parum?"

"As a matter of fact," I said in order to turn the conversation, "the whole question of your municipal authority, my dear Figs, will shortly have to be enquired into before our mutual friend the Judge. But I shall gladly make the *amende honorable*, and put you right with the world. I retract my hasty opinion. I applaud your devotion to duty, goad your municipality, pursue the latent germs of disease, in a word "Macte odoribus puer." "Those tennis tournaments," remarked the Judge, "were a great success—they gave a fillip to the stagnant life of the station. Everyone found a delightful, congenial, and common topic of conversation in abusing the handicapper." Now, as I happened to have been that unfortunate individual, I may be excused perhaps for not altogether sharing in the general enthusiasm. But I was unfeignedly glad to learn that my labours and sorrows had not been wholly unproductive of beneficial results. I said as much in my modest way and received a good deal of well-meant condolence. 'Twasn't so bad a handicap, Chunam thought, considering the handicapper. The others in various ways expressed their belief that it might have been excellent if all the points had been altered. "Never mind, Brown," concluded Dare placidly (Mrs. Dare had won in fine style), "you can't please everybody don't you know—and I am quite satisfied—so it's all right." "Vacant chaff well meant for grain," quoted Callow with inexpressible melancholy. "Who's chaffing you, young ass," enquired Dare acidly, and Callow with a muttered deprecation of our general illi erateness subsided into moody silence.

After several experiments upon the lines indicated in my last letter we have come to the conclusion that it is vain to attempt to enliven the *barra khana*. "I tried years ago," said Syntax reflectively, "to infuse a little life and gaiety into these functions. I invited all the officers and civilians in the station, and I told my boys to observe carefully the joyous freedom and elegant tone pervading the refined society of the polite West. What was the result." (Here poor Syntax was affected nearly to tears.) "It was a hot evening Brown, very hot there's no denying that; but could I have anticipated the awful and degrading carnival that ensued." "Why that depends, Syntax," I replied soothingly, "upon what *did* ensue. Calm yourself, my dear fellow, and tell us all about it." "Yes, it is an old story now," continued Syntax repressing his emotion, "a very old story and happily it is nearly forgotten. These types of western society, of western refinement, Brown, drank more than was good for them—just think of it, got actually exhilarated, almost tipsy, and altogether uproarious. When we wished to play decorous and becoming games they romped boisterously. I was projected violently through a curtain, while endeavouring to guess from a pair of eyes who stood on the other side: yes, positively hoisted through and tumbled over one of my own drawing-room chairs. My pupils tittered, how could they help it—and I had scarcely recovered myself when one of these satyrs hurled a sofa cushion at a young prince, completely doubling him up, and knocking him off his chair. I never was so thankful," he concluded with a pious sigh, "as when I got rid of the bacchanalian company for the night—and I am quite sure that my experiment, although inspired by the noblest and purest motive, was a complete and ignoble failure."

There was Nimrod's monkey, too, as an amusement the other night," chimed in the Judge. "Was there ever such an entertainment. My wife nearly fainted when the vile Simian snatched off her newest plait and climbed up the chandelier with it. 'Catch your infernal ape, Sir, says I to Nimrod.' 'Don't I wish I could Sir,' replies that ingenuous youth, gazing vacantly and horror-stricken at his

rties which may be considered distinctively their own. These are a matter of common experience and do not always favourably impress people who have to do with them, as is shown by the common sayings, "Vicious as a mule," "Obstinate as a mule," and so on. Among equines mules are characterised by a peculiar mental distortion, "crankiness," as it may be termed, which sometimes proves very embarrassing to those who, accustomed to horses or even donkeys, have to deal with mules for the first time. Writers on travels record some of these. Galton, for example, says:

"Mules require men who know their habits; they are powerful beasts, and can only be mastered with skill and address. A savage usually fears their heels, and will not assist in packing them. They have odd secret ways, strange fancies, and darking vice. When they stray they go immense distances, and it is almost beyond the power of man on foot to tend them in a wild country. The female is in most breeds the most idocile. They suffer from African distemper, but in a less degree than horses." And again:

"The instincts of the mulish heart form an interesting study to the traveller in the mountains. I would liken it to a woman's, for it is quite as uncertain in its sympathies, bestowing its affections when least expected, and when bestowed quite as constant, so long as the object is not taken away." It is customary to have a horse in the train of the traders of Northern Mexico, as a sort of magnet to keep together the separate atoms of the train for, whatever the temptation, they will never stray from him. (Taylor's Eldorado.)

From personal observation I quite agree that mules are animals of which one can get very fond, that they take an intelligent interest in what is going on around, and are rarely troublesome when they know what is expected of them. A mule must not be handled like a horse, his long ear and narrow jaw against the tushes give excellent hold of the head. He strikes cleverly with his fore feet. Such, then, are some of the questions which hinge round the subject of mules. Let us next proceed to consider some practical matters as regards these most interesting animals.

Premature birth is said to be frequent in mule-breeding, though the mule, as a rule, is carried longer than an ordinary horse foal by the mare. Although fecundation of the hybrid female by the ass or horse is not rare abortion generally occurs.

There is often no anatomical or physiological reason why a mule should not breed, but generally there is a very imperfect development of the requisite parts.

The hinny is generally much inferior in useful qualities to the true mule, its tail is more like that of a horse, its ears shorter, and its shape equine.

The voice of the mule is neither that of the horse nor of the ass, but a queer, shrill, feeble, and hoarse sound, a chorus of mules welcoming the call to "feed" is most comical.

The following points in description of hybrids are interesting, often as indicating tendency to reversion to original type:—

(a) The hybrid ass zebra and mare when young had shoulder, flank, and leg stripes, but when adult hardly any stripes. (Darwin's Variation under domestication of Plants and Animals ii. p. 68 note.)

(b) The cross of the zebra with the ass has his legs very striped.

(c) Lord Morton's celebrated cross of a quagga with an Arab mare had the legs more striped than in the quagga' (Philosophical Transaction, 1821. p. 20.)

(d) The same mare threw two foals by a black Arab sire, which colts had striped legs and one had stripes also on the body.

(e) The cross of a wild ass of Cutch with a male ass had all four legs transversely and conspicuously striped, three short stripes on each shoulders and zebra stripes on the face.

(f) A second specimen of the same breeding was similarly marked.

(g) Mules have generally their legs more striped than horses or asses.

The first point I would draw attention to is *the sources of supply*. Mules come from very many parts of the world. In North and South America they are bred extensively, those of Kentucky, Minnesota, and Missouri being well-known. The Mexican mules resulting from the ass crossing with mustang mares also have a good reputation. In Europe, France, Spain, and Italy are the main source of supply, those derived from Poitou being specially fine; North and South Africa, Asia Minor, Cyprus, Syria, and Persia, also China, may be included in the list of places whence mules may be obtained.

I would here call attention to the most significant fact that *the best places for mules are those which are not renowned for good horses.* This must be taken as a note of warning for those who are most anxious to expand mule-breeding operations in Beloochistan and the Punjab, where the best Indian horses come from. Mule-breeding pays probably better than horse-breeding, for [although it is considered less certain (2:3)] (mule) progeny require less trouble in rearing, and are bought at high price. Every district suitable for horse-breeding but told off to produce a mule, is a loss to the country, permanently for the former purpose, but only temporarily a gain for the latter. The mule is a working animal and nothing more, the foal is a possible progenitor of future horses. And, moreover, we have seen that the offspring is liable to be influenced by the step sire so that the mare's value for horse-breeding is permanently damaged. We infer then that the use of sound brood mares for mule production is to be greatly discountenanced and not encouraged, and that the best horse-breeding districts are the last which should be encouraged to breed mules. The latter industry is altogether secondary to the former and should occupy only rejected mares. And yet a careful perusal of the official returns on the subject clearly manifests that, finding mule-breeding more profitable, owners who used to breed horses or ponies are now breeding mules, and possibly in the near future it will be necessary to take a leaf out of the records of the French Stud Department, which had to adopt measures to *repress* mule-breeding.

I contend that mules should be obtained, when possible, by importation and that there is no objection whatever to *state* stud operations for this industry, if it can be made worth while; but, far from it being promoted in the best horse-and-pony-breeding countries, it ought to be discouraged there as much as possible, and only mares rejected absolutely for h rse sires should be put to Government ass stallions. Experience shows that there is ample field for mule purchasing abroad, and it is probable this would be found less expensive than mule production in this country, but even here there are large tracts of country which might be exploited for mule-breeding. Almost all the Madras Presidency, Lower Bengal, and Burma, which supply no horses and few ponies, might, if judged worth while, be exploited for mules, but the Punjab, Kathiawar, Beloochistan, and the Shan States are, in my humble opinion, places where the indigenous and flourishing horse-breeding industry should be encouraged by Government as much as possible, compatible with retention of private zeal in this direction. The Government Department of H. B. O. strives to develope the utmost all the horse-producing resources of the country, recognises that the ways and places of mule-breeding are not those of horse-breeding in the majority of cases and subordinates in all cases mule-breeding to horse-and-pony-breeding. In many places donkeys are placed for use where the mares are below the horse standard, and in other places where mares are of low class donkeys only are placed; a man must have his mare branded as *good* enough if he wants to use her for horse-breeding, but then is, we believe, no regulation under which a mare must be branded as *bad* enough for mule-breeding, surely a necessary precaution where mule foals will sell for more than horse or pony foals!

Fortunately many a mare unsuitable to ordinary horse duties has qualities which suit her well for mule-breeding. Mules are not used for racing or other fast work, not much for heavy draught, and never to draw guns or mount heavy cavalry. But they are needed for light draught and pack purposes, and for these their flat sides, sluggish temperaments, stolidity, endurance, and power of resisting disease will suit them. A good mule would be a very bad horse in the majority of cases, thus many very ugly mares are well suited to throw mule foals, and in mule-breeding the question of unsoundness is not so important as in horse-breeding. It se-ms that unsoundnesses are not readily transmitted to mule offspring and, further, we know that they will not, even if they reduce the value of the individual, deteriorate the race. The qualities of the mule admirably adapt him for his place in life. The French in Alegria found him very sure-footed, strong of limb, hard of hoof (which does not, like that of the horse, dry up under the influence of heat); with step even and as long that of the horse, a remarkable power of ascending and descending steep places and of cleverly turning sharp corners, sure on the worst of roads, quiet, easy to please as regards food, tolerant of heat and thirst, requiring drink less often and less in amount than the horse, more intelligent than we generally consider, and quite susceptible of attachments and amenable to good treatment, he is a model animal of transport. He can be ridden, driven, or used for pack purposes; his flesh is edible and of no unpleasant flavour; he will carry small guns and sick men. He gives little trouble over shoeing and may be left unshod, behind especially, for a long time without detriment. He is rather choice in his selection of water, and moist cold weather is unsuited to him; though he exhibits a notable freedom from disease, he suffers severely from some specific affections. He works longer than the horse (5 years of age to 15-20), but takes somewhat longer to mature. He inherits the "sobriety, patience, endurance, and sure-footedness of the ass and the vigour, strength, and courage of the horse." (Fleming.) Making allowance for size, he carries a weight one-third again as large as that of the horse, so he is essentially a pack animal.

Somewhat of the unjust opprobrium which hangs in Western countries about his progenitor the ass still influences the popular views on the mule. In this age of utility, however, this is being steadily "lived down," and any man who has been on a campaign with a mixed transport of mules, camels, cattle, elephants, and carts will not hesitate to put in a good word for this interesting hybrid as such. I have ventured to draw your attention briefly this evening.

DEPUTY SURGEON-GENERAL GAZES then proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. Steel for his interesting paper, and the meeting ended.

DISSATISFIED with Oilendorf and literary extracts from English and German authors, some professors of philology in the Paris colleges have resolved to start two newspapers, one to be called *Deutsche Zeitung* and the other the *English Journal*. Politics, law, finance and social matters will be treated of in these new collegiate publications, and comic bits are not to be discarded. School-boys will thus be initiated into the practical business of life, at the same time that they will be afforded an opportunity of studying two important modern languages. The plan is undoubtedly very *fin de siecle*—to use the jargon of the day—and if efficiently carried out and continued, will prove beneficial to those for whom it is intended. It is to be hoped, however, that in the interests of the school-boys, proper attention will be paid to style and grammar by the founders of the *English Journal!*

MILITARY NOTES.

[SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED.]

THE Governor-General in Council has been pleased to sanction the 2nd and 15th Regiments of Bengal Cavalry and the 7th Bombay Cavalry (Beluch Horse) being equipped as Lancer Regiments. The 2nd will henceforth be known as "the 2nd Regiment of Bengal Lancers;" and the 15th as "the 15th (Cureton's Multani) Regiment of Bengal Lancers."

Lieutenant C. H. Lewis, 5th Bombay Cavalry, has been appointed to act as Cantonment Magistrate at Jacobabad, in addition to his own duties. He has been appointed a Magistrate of the 1st class within the limits of the military cantonment of Jacobabad.

Captain H. J. Forster, 7th Bombay Lancers (Beluch Horse), resigns the service, subject to her Majesty's approval.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. W. L. Hume, commanding Royal Artillery, St. Thomas's Mount, proceeds home on one year's sick leave.

Captain C. E. Jervois, Royal Artillery, who lately vacated his appointment in the Ordnance Department, has been granted six months' leave to England, on private affairs.

Lieutenant A. H. Garden, 1st Border Regiment, has been appointed Station Staff Officer, at Bernardmyo.

The Governor-General in Council has decided that all men enlisted for the Bengal Army after the 1st October next, shall be furnished with free transport for their baggage when marching in lieu of "marching batta," but no change will be made in the conditions under which batta is granted troops troops on field or foreign service.

Surgeon-Major H. Cooke, M.D., Civil Surgeon, Poona, has been appointed Administrative Medical Officer of the Nagpore District, his place being filled by Surgeon-Major James Davidson, M.B., from the Sappers and Miners. This officer was very popular when he held the appointment of Assistant Civil Surgeon, Sassoon Hospital, some years ago. His place in the Sappers and Miners will be taken by Surgeon-Major Barren, of the 16th Bombay Infantry, Raipur, the duties, until this officer joins, being performed by Surgeon Burness, of the 28th Pioneers.

The order prohibiting the troops in garrison from entering Poona City has been cancelled.

The following non-commissioned officers have been granted commissions in the last *London Gazette*:—

Sergeant Herbert Maxwell, 12th Lancers, Second Lieutenant, in the Somersetshire Light Infantry.

Sergeant Martin Newman Turner, Gordon Highlanders, Second Lieutenant, in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.

Sergeant Cardon Henry Seton, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, Second Lieutenant in the Worcestershire Regiment.

Sergeant Thomas Ward, 14th Hussars, Second Lieutenant, in the 2nd Dragoon Guards.

Sergeant Wilfred Stanley Sharp, 9th Lancers, Second Lieutenant in the 19th Hussars.

Sergeant Edgar Patrick Carnac Purchase, 2nd Dragoons, Second Lieutenant in the Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment).

Sergeant-Major Thomas Wilson, Quartermaster in his own Regiment, the West Yorkshire.

A course of garrison instruction commenced at Poona on the 15th instant.

FOOT-BALL.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA *VS.* THE Y. M. C. A. ATHLETIC CLUB.

THE return Rugby foot-ball match was played yesterday evening on the Cooperage between the Bombay Gymkhana (*whites*) and the Young Men's Christian Association Club, (*dark blues*). The weather remained fine throughout, and quite an unusual number of spectators encircled the ground to witness the game, which proved not a little exciting. The roads and approaches to the Cooperage and around the Bandstand were lined with carriages, whose occupants followed the game with interest. The turf, as on the last occasion was dry though soft, and the spectators witnessed a very fast game. Mr. Reid, who captained the Gymkhana team won the toss, and selected the Bandstand end, which was not directly in favour of the wind. Immediately after the kick-off by the Gymkhana captain the ball was carried into the Y. M. C. A. ground, where it was seized by Winckler, who was quickly collared before he could render any service to his side. A pretty pass was now made by Reid, but the ball missing its mark, play was taken into middle ground with a clever run from Winckler, as three-quarter back. Some attempts were now made by the Y. M. C. A. forwards to force the game into their opponents' quarters, but in this they were heavily handicapped by the weight of their powerful adversaries. A scrimmage ensued near the Y. M. C. A. twenty-five yard flag, when the Gymkhana forwards forced the ball into dangerous vicinity to their opponents' goal. Potts, the dark blues half-back, secured the ball outside the scrimmage, but was immediately held by the opposing forwards. Several scrimmages now followed in the Y. M. C. A. ground. The combination of the Gymkhana men were again noticeable, and the ball was taken towards their opponents' eastern corner Thence it was shot to the opposite boundary and some loose play followed. The dark blues forwards sent the ball into the Gymkhana ground, but it was immediately returned by McCausland. Dr. Cleveland securing, the ball from a throw in, near the Y. M. C. A. lines, a scrimmage followed, in which the weight of the Gymkhana men predominated. A clever pass was made by Winckler to Hewett who however refused it. Mr. Reid, the international player, was again on the ball with his men, and shortly after scored a goal. Clark, the Y. M. C. A. captain, kicked off in the second half, but the ball was immediately on its way back from a powerful kick by the Gymkhana captain. Persistent attacks were maintained by the Gymkhanas, but in their opponents' lines, and ended ultimately in their obtaining a try. The scene of play was now brought into the Gymkhana ground by Winckler obtaining a good run. But it was of short duration. Bolton as three-quarter back ran the ball into the corner of the dark blues, where a series of scrimmages ensued. Hewett as three-quarter back for the dark blues failed to receive the ball from Winckler, which was now rushed by the heavier team towards their opponents, touch line, where a try for goal was registered by the Gymkhana captain, shortly before half-time was called. Play was resumed after the call of half-time with the Y. M. C. A. as the aggressors. The ball was shot high into the air with a powerful kick from the Y. M. C. A. captain, who after a number of scrimmages in his own ground, was allowed a free kick near the twenty-five yard flag. Dr. Cleveland dribbled the ball into dangerous proximity of the Y. M. C. A. lines, where it was received with a dexterous pass by Reid, who secured a run right across the field, and obtained a pretty touch down with a third try for goal. The game was stoutly contested but the excellent backing of the Gymkhana forwards kept the ball in the very mouth of their opponents' posts, where their captain registered a second goal with a drop kick. The playing of the Y. M. C. A. men now became somewhat loose, and their adversaries had all their own way. They worked the game by their successful combination into the Y. M. C. A. field, where they stubbornly kept the ball until Reid, who was watching his opportunity outside the scrimmage, scored a third point. The Gymkhana men, well supported again, advanced to the attack, and from their dashing forward play it was evident that they intended giving their adversaries some hot work. Before time was called a fourth try was obtained by the Gymkhana captain, who lodged the ball just on the top of the bar, but unhappily it fell on the inner side of the posts. Mr. Reid deserves every praise for the manner in which he posted his men who played a splendid game from start to finish. The principal feature of the Gymkhana play was their excellent backing and their successful combination. Their adversaries no doubt strained every nerve to avert defeat; but the superior weight and strength of their adversaries were too much for them. At the announcement of "time" the Gymkhana team were the victors with 3 goals and four tries to *nil*. The folowing were the players:—

Gymkhana team.—Back, G. McCausland; ¾ buck, R. Meredith, A. H. Bolton, and M. Reid; ½ backs, R. Singer and C. H. Ross; forwards, H. F. Cleveland, P. Steel, G. E. Schofield, H. M. Steuart, T. R. Phillips, A. D. Creagh, F. C. Allen, D. T. Muirhead, and W. C. Symes. Colors, white. Young Men's Christian Association—Back, F. J. Clark; ¾ backs, E. Waller, H. Winckler, and A. Hewett; ½ backs, T. Potts, and H. W. Joyce; forwards, E. Flower, J. MacCarthy, Dowling, M. MacMillan, T. Nash, P. Fischer, A. P. O'Brien, A. Miles, and H. J. Clark. Umpires: Doctors Baker and McDonald.

THE B. A. EXAMINATION.

THE following gentlemen have been appointed examiners at the forthcoming B. A. Examination:—

In English	J. S. Slater, B.A.	
	Rev. J. M. Hamilton, S.J.	
	Rev. R. MacOmish, M.A., B.D.	
	F. G. Selby, M.A.	
	H. Batty, M.A.	
In Mathematics	J. T. Hathornthwaite, M.A.	
	T. S. Tait, M.A., B.Sc.	
	K. J. Sanjana, M.A.	
	F. M. Dastur, M.A.	
In Logic and History	Rev. H. Bochum, S.J.	
	M. MacMillan.	
In Persian	Captain Lawrence.	
	J. M. Antia, M.A.	
In Natural Science	Rev. D. MacKichan, M.A., D.D.	

HONORARY MEDICAL OFFICERS AT THE J. J. HOSPITAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The impartial leader in your Wednesday's issue, anent the honorary medical scheme, and the method of selecting professors for the only medical college in this presidency, is quite opportune, and will be keenly appreciated by members of the local medical profession, at a time when strenuous efforts are being made with a view to proclaim that the experiment of employing honorary physicians and surgeons, is again a failure, and that also within a year of its being started.

This second attempt outbids the first for its restlessness, inasmuch as it seeks to justify itself by implicating the whole body of medical graduates in the charge of incompetency. In the letter of Government, addressed to the Medical Faculty, and to which you have alluded in your article, a curious specimen of logic is displayed. It may be put thus: That because difficulty is felt in obtaining competent persons to fill the honorary appointments satisfactorily, therefore it follows that all the medical graduates of the Bombay University are not sufficiently accomplished in their profession, and, therefore, the standard of their extraprofessional studies ought to be raised. Ratiocination of such a character is hardly deserving of serious consideration.

Even accepting for the argument's sake that no competent men came forward to undertake the honorary duties, or that the persons selected by Government were not found competent, one would naturally ask, what warrant have the Government—or the irresponsible officers who may have reported the matter to them—to assume that all the medical graduates hitherto passed by this University are not reasonably qualified to practice or are less accomplished. I have no desire, Sir, to write or plead against the honorary surgeons and physicians alluded to. They must be accepted as competent men, unless clearly proved to the contrary; but the profession and the public can justly ask to be informed on what system, if any, these gentlemen were selected? Were any applications invited privately or publicly, and if so, were any measures taken really to select the best available men. Again, in spite of a strong desire expressed by many native members of the Faculty at its last meeting to be in possession of the grounds or communication on which Government had based their letter, an amendment to that effect was strongly opposed by members evidently desirous that these reports and communications should not see the light of day.

It may be that Government have found themselves fixed on the horns of a dilemma, on learning the decision of the Faculty, though arrived at by the barest majority, resenting their letter. It behoves them now to furnish a statement of grounds and reasons, should a fresh invitation be made to discuss the subject. Some personal explanations that had been given, induced some of those present at the meeting of the Faculty to decide it to be not inconsistent with their dignity to pass over a serious charge, hap-hazardly made without a shadow of reason or argument. Whether Government have been convinced what they state in their letter, or have accepted the views of other people or have drawn a wrong inference from some report or other, is best known to themselves. Most of your readers will agree with you in thinking that the public have some claim for an explanation of the circumstances that have led the present Government to regard a recently favoured scheme as a failure *in toto*.

The Municipal Corporation, which had closely identified itself with this experiment of honorary physicians and surgeons, may also wish to be enlightened in regard to it.

Before concluding this letter, I should say that your paper has rendered valuable service, over and over again, to the medical graduates of our University, and to the profession at large.—Yours, &c.,

Aug 15. FAIRPLAY.

II.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In your leader of the 13th inst. you rightly hit off the points of controversy between the Government and the native medical profession, and its traducers. The Medical Faculty in one sense did well in refusing to consider a letter which cast a sweeping reflection of incompetency in a manner on the whole native medical profession. But the reflection principally affects those members of the profession, who are graduates of the local University, and those members, though intent upon resenting the reflection, thought it would be respectful to Government to request it to produce the materials on which it based its judgment. The minority was, however, outvoted by one, and for the time the Faculty has held up its head in angry petulance. Such a sulky mood will, however, avail the profession nothing. If it is to save its reputation it must prove the sore to its root. If as you say, and it is very likely, the matter will not rest here the Faculty has left it, Government, in returning to the charge, will do well to supply the Faculty with the grounds on which it is based. There is no doubt a strong feeling among the native members of the medical profession that an undeserved slur is cast upon them, and they feel it all the more keenly from the fact that the attack has gone from a quarter from which they had the best right to expect protection. It has been reported, you say, that a difficulty is experienced in making appointment to the posts of honorary physicians and surgeons. The experiment is little more than a year old and most of the gentlemen who were appointed in the first instance still continue in their posts. How has the difficulty arisen? Or was it to provide against a prospective difficulty that the report was made? The fact is, there has been from the first, from whatever cause, a lack of that conciliation which, you say, is necessary for the success of the experiment from those who have been entrusted with its watching and direction. The success or failure of the experiment should not, however, be left to the mercy of an individual or individuals, not well affected towards it. The public has a right to see that every facility is given to it needful for its success, and if it is not possible to succeed, to know the causes of its failure. It was with this object that the minority at the Faculty's meeting pressed for the production of the reports made to Government, and now that it is likely that a protest from the minority is to be sent to Government, asking Government to produce the grounds of the complaint, let us hope the Government will meet the wishes of the MINORITY.

Bombay, August 15.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

THE twentieth annual report of the National Indian Association has just been issued. In that report the Council have the satisfaction to state that thirty new members have joined the Association during the year, among whom were the late F. M. Lord Napier of Magdala, Sir M. E. Grant-Duff, Sir Alfred Lyall, Sir Charles and Lady Aitchison, Sir Charles Bernard, Sir Juland Danvers, Mrs. Yates Thompson, Sir Henry S. Cunningham, and Mrs. Herbert Birdwood. Many Indian gentlemen have been elected members, and the Association is becoming more widely known, both in India and in England.

The Council have carefully discussed a scheme for raising a distinct fund for the promotion of female education in India, and at the end of the year they prepared, with the special aid of Sir W. W. Hunter, K.C.S.I., and Sir Charles A. Turner, K.C.I.E., an appeal for circulation in England, representing the sad deficiency of education among Indian women, and showing that the efforts already made by the Association in this direction had produced such good results that they ought to be carried out on a much larger scale. Reference was particularly made in the appeal, to the successful home teaching in the Madras Presidency; to the usefulness of the grants made to newly started girls' schools; to the excellent but poorly supported home and normal classes for widows under Mr. and Mrs. Sasipada Banerji, near Calcutta; as well as to the proved value of scholarships for encouraging girls to remain longer at school, and for the important object of training teachers. These and other equally satisfactory efforts must for a long time depend upon voluntary as well as Government aid, and the Council consider that the present is a suitable time for calling attention to the work and claims of such institutions in England, as well as in India, in order to secure practical expressions of sympathy with the progress of female education, and with the desire of educated men that facilities for instruction should become available for Indian ladies. The Council are gratified to find that the importance of such a fund has been already acknowledged in many quarters. They desire to press upon the members of the National Indian Association, and all who are friendly to its aims, the fact that the education of women is the indispensable basis of improved social conditions in India.

The report on the Bombay branch states:—The annual Mary Carpenter Scholarships have been continued in connection with the Gujerati and Marathi girls' schools. They supply a very useful stimulus to the teachers, and one condition is that the holders should work up to a higher standard than that in which they have gained the scholarships. The Victoria Anglo-Vernacular School has again been successful in obtaining one of the scholarships. Much useful work has been done by ladies of the committee in the visiting of schools. Mrs. Scott, president of the branch, has been very active in regard to such visits. Lady Forbes-Adam, Mrs. Squire, Mrs. M. C. Turner, Mrs. Bean, Mrs. Sassoon and Mrs. Uloth have also helped in this movement. The following schools have been visited:—The Gocouldas Tejpal Schools and Boarding House, Sir Mungudas Nathoobhoy's schools, the Victoria High School, the Government Churney Road School, and Pundita Ramabai's Widows' School and Home. It is of the greatest advantage to the teachers and pupils to receive such sympathy and encouragement from English ladies.

B. G. J. P. RAILWAY.

THE following is a return of rainfall as registered on the 12th August, 1890:—

Name of Stations.	Previously reported.		Rainfall on date.		Total during 1890.	
	In.	ct.	In.	ct.	In.	ct.
Ghadechi	16	53	0	3	16	56
Songad	11	58	...		11	58
Dhola	18	9	0	1	18	10
Chuda	9	87	...		9	87
Chital	10	20	...		10	20
Jetpur	4	45	...		4	45
Jetalsar	3	38	...		3	38
Upleta	8	29	0	3	8	32
Wanejalia	8	9	0	1	8	10
Porebandar	12	53	...		12	53
Junagad	20	6	0	10	20	16
Veraval	18	92	0	7	18	99

MAX O'RELL'S TABLE TALK.

IN the matter of looks, writes Max O'Rell to a home paper, the Englishwoman who knew how to dress was always without a rival, but what a rarity she was! To-day the English girl must be acknowledged without reserve to take the palm for beauty. I say *to-day*, because she has only lately learned to dress and set off her natural advantages properly. In this art she is fast becoming an adept. Go into any fashionable evening assembly in London, and you will see such a dazzling crowd of lovely women as can be matched in no other city in the world. All types are represented, from the Greek goddess to the piquant fairy. The Englishwoman who excited the mirth of the foreigner by her ill-chosen, ill-fitting, and ill-worn raiment, has disappeared, and in her place we have a fair creature attired in dress which she has chosen to suit her face and figure, and is learning to wear with grace and ease. Dress has done such wonders that the plain women look comely, and the beauties are visions of loveliness. And what an improvement it has wrought in the Englishwoman's figure! The modern dressmaker has brought to light the graceful incurving of the back, which is such a noticeable feature in most Englishwomen, and in the case of slight ones sometimes the only curve worth speaking of. By astutely managed seams, she gives a waist to her who never had one, and by clever draping gives roundness to the meagre bosom, in fact comes in various ways to the rescue of the obese and the scraggy. When a woman is looking her best, she is apt to be at her best and brightest in other respects, and this reform in dress is, I think, a great factor in the increased brilliancy of each succeeding London season.

It is a fact that London grows grayer and gayer. Paris will have to look to her laurels, or by and bye when people use the expression "the gay capital," we shall come to understand by it not Paris, but London. The foreigner, who arrives in the British capital expecting nothing but spleen, is not a little amazed to find this huge city almost given over all the summer long to polite revelry, if not frivolity, for it is not only the aristocratic and leisured classes who revel, but the large army of brain-workers, make time for pleasant social intercourse with their fellows, and their merry makings are the most enjoyable of any. There are still plenty of Britishers who look askance at pleasure all the week and put on an extra long face on Sundays, but their numbers are diminishing, and Sunday, once a day of depressing gloom in London, is more and more utilised for rational recreation, thanks to lead of scientific men and the artistic and literary fraternities. The visitor to London need spend no dull time if he has a few friends, for almost every one entertains. Those who cannot or will not give balls and dinners fall back upon that growth of modern England, the "At Home."

One might write a volume upon the humours of the "At Home;" of the lady who rushes from one house to another, staying just long enough in each to say to the acquaintances she meets there that she has four parties to do that afternoon and must positively not stay; of the lady who gives parties and goes to them for the sole pleasure of seeing her name in the society papers, and is rewarded with such phrases as "Mrs. A. was everywhere," and "Mrs. A. looked thrillingly lovely in pale green." Wisely used, these informal afternoon gatherings give pleasure, as, for instance, when busy writers, actors, actresses, and artists of all kinds make time to spend an hour or two chatting with interesting people whom they know already or are glad to make the acquaintance of.

Each London season has its lion. Three years ago it was Buffalo Bill, last year it was General Boulanger, and this year it has been Stanley. The latter did not always do his roaring quite so gently as the others: this African lion early grew tired of being the disputed prey of Mrs. Leo Hunter and her sisters, and caused frightful heart-burnings and disappointments by showing that he could resist their blandishments. "Who will write for us the lives of the unsuccessful poets?" asks Miss Edwardes in one of her novels. The history of the real society lion might be quite as pathetic and far more instructive; I am speaking of the one who is taken up, wrangled over, caged, exhibited, petted, and—dropped. What a tale might be unfold! For instance, who could give us the faithful account of General Boulanger's brief London career, finishing up with the closing of all his hostesses' doors on the day after his failure at the French elections.

A friend of mine is much exercised in mind as to why one sees only young women at the opera now-a-days. In the days of Italian Opera there was always a sprinkling of middle aged and elderly ladies to be seen in the house, but now they are conspicuous by their absence. I tell him that that generation was sentimental, and it is natural that it should regret the decay of Bellini, Rossini, and company, and should recent the shelving of those composers by keeping aloof from the triumphs of those who have ousted them from public favour. Science is killing sentiment in music as in other things. Those old ladies belonged to a generation that married for love and believed that such a thing as dying for love was possible, on the stage at least. Their taste in music was nourished upon "La Sonnambula," "Il Trovatore," and such like; is it astonishing that they take not kindly to much of the music of the present? Was it likely that Wagner, for instance, would charm them? An English friend of mine who, without being old, is yet old enough to remember the palmy days of the Italian school reminded me the other night, after a Wagnerian opera we had been listening to, that a French soldier said of the charge at Balaclava—"It is magnificent, but it is not war." He felt inclined to say of this opera—"It is magnificent, but it is not music." In my part, I had not missed the old ladies. In England they occupy such a back seat generally that I have long since ceased to remark it, strange as it used to seem to me when I was new to the country. In France one is accustomed to see the elderly mamma, or even grandmamma, sail into a room or a box like a proud hen at the head of her chickens. The best seat is immediately provided for her, and a little flutter of deference and attention goes on around her all the time. On this side of the Channel ladies who have passed sixty are divided into two categories:—"Dear old souls," and "crabby old things," and, according as to whether they come under the first or second of these, they are relegated to the position of fifth fiddle, or excluded from the social concert altogether. This done not come so very hard upon them, because even in younger days they have few of them known that it was to play first violin.

A correspondent, evidently a lady, asks me the following question—"Which kind of love is better: that where so many cooled-off married couples to be met with? Why do two people, who start in life together with the most ardent passion, often come to find time drag heavily when in each other's company, and this in spite of common tastes and sympathies? Simply, in my opinion, because these two beings have said all they had to say to each other in the first few weeks of their married life; like greedy children, they have eaten up all their jam, and there is nothing left but bread and butter, and sometimes not even much butter, for a part of that has gone with the jam. Ardent love does not reason; it spends in the honeymoon the joys that reasoning love knows how to spread over a life time. A marriage of ardent lovers is comparable to a five-act play, the author of which, having put all that he had to give us into the first act, gives us four others so tame and dragging that for very weariness we fall asleep or go way. Let him tire us a little in the first act, while he carefully presents to us the idea which he means to develop; but let him interest us more and more, until the fifth act is reached, and we listen to him with pleasure and quit the theatre with regret.

So with married life. There is no better beginning than a patient and sympathetic study of character. When the character is understood, then ornament and perfect it. It is a great thing not to begin with familiarities which little by little engender, if not contempt at least a certain indifference in an intercourse in which the interest should always be kept, not only alive, but on the alert. A man must have enough empire over himself to enable him to play a multiple *role* before his wife. He must know how to inspire in her by turns respect, gratitude, admiration, and finally love: must make her feel that he is the stronger vessel, but that there is no pleasure, intellectual or other, which he does not desire to share with her. He must never tire in showing her those thousand and one little courtesies which a well-bred man pays to any lady. With diplomacy which reasoning love is alone capable of, the sacred torch may be kept alive through the longest married life: but it strikes me that the success or failure of the whole undertaking depends entirely upon the start. The responsibility that one accepts at the altar is very tremendous, and I can almost understand the feeling of the Norman peasant who often gets drunk after the wedding feast so as not to be responsible for his actions.

Why are the bulk of French marriages far happier than the bulk of English ones? In my opinion, it is simply because, according to the French system, a man has to win the affection of his wife after the wedding. The French married couple begin at the first act, whereas the English one has generally got through all but the fifth by the time the wedding bells have stopped ringing. Then in come the prosaic cares of life and cover everything up. Out go the lights; and presto! the glamour is gone too, and nothing remains but all but a sleeping numbness and a sort of wonder that the comedy should enjoy such a world-wide reputation. Yes, in matrimony there is a way of eating your cake, and yet having it; but you must not take your bites too large in the beginning. As a clever wit says—"When you are dead, it is for a long time; but when you are married, it is for ever." So, make the cake last.

A fire broke out a few days ago in a town in Hungary, and the account of it, which appears in the newspaper, said that the mayor called a meeting of the chief inhabitants to consider whether it might not be advisable to pull down a house or two to prevent the possibility of the flames reaching a certain quarter of the town where the buildings were all of wood. The action of that Hungarian mayor reminded me of a scene in an old opera comique, called "Les Mousquetaires de la Reine." When the curtain rises a crowd of burly men and buxom maids are making merry in some ornamental grounds. News is brought that some one has fallen into the lake hard by, and you naturally think that some of those able-bodied men will rush to the rescue. Not so. The crowd seems very distressed to hear of the accident, but no one budges. What happens is this. They all begin to sing at the top of their voices, "Let us fly, let us fly, let us fly to his help." In their shrillest notes the baritones shout—"Let us fly." "Let us fly," pipe the tenors. "Let us fly," respond the contraltos. The trombone booms out three notes which clearly indicate his intention to be of the rescue party, and the flute chirrups a mellow echo of the same sentiments. Then they all join in together again. When the poor fellow in the lake has had plenty of time to drown, they stop singing and, presumably, go to his relief.

SONG OF THE GRENADIER GUARDS IN BERMUDA.

(WITH APOLOGIES TO ANDREW MARVELL.)

[TURNING to Colonel Eaton, his Royal Highness, who appeared to be deeply moved, said, "Good-bye—and be good to the men!" . . . Colonel Eaton said he was accompanying them not only as a commanding officer but has a friend. He intended that they should have no cause for complaint.—Report for the Inspection.]

Where the remote Bermudas ride,
("Mild and salubrious"—see Guide)
From a gay boat that steamed along
The Grenadiers sent up this song:—
Why, what a thundering piece of luck
It is that we poor Beggars struck!
A nice sea trip, a change of air,
A climate seemin'ly Set Fair,—
Why, this ain't bein' in disgrace,
It's winterin' in a waterin'-place!
Our thanks to Holloways and Seers,
The pride of British Grenadiers!
Although in quod they're left behind,
We'll keep 'em gratefully in mind.

Inspections, Palace work, parades,
And pipe-clay fag like kitchen-maids—
Why, thanks to Maitland—dashed old bloke!—
Life in them Barracks was no joke.
With oleanie' belts and brushin' shoes
We Grenadiers were in the Blues;
'Twas no more fun to be a Guard
Than gettin' lagged for six months' 'ard.
But where the gay Bermudas ride,
Mild and salubrious (see Guide),
Where fruit hawks like a dyed shirt,
All Covent-garden cheap as dirt,
Where few were shirts, and none were starob,
And there's scant room for us to march,
And no paradin' with full kits—
It beats them Barracks into fits!

The Dook, he bid us all good-bye,
And like a green-horn piped 'is eye,
Then turned to Kernel E., and then
"B.s good" 'e blubbere, "to the men!"
Says Kernel, "Bust me if I ain't!
They 'll 'ave no reason for complaint!
My lads," says 'e "let's just pretend
I'm not your Kernel—I'm your friend!"
He'll join us now in three good cheers
For Bush, for Parry, and for seers;
Hooray! and once again, Hooray!

For Aaron, Keen, and Holloway!
—So sank they as they steamed along,
A merry military song;
And Colonel Eaton, "as a friend,"
Beat time for them until the end.

PRINCE BISMARCK AND THE *HAMBURGER NACHRICHTEN.*

THE insinuations published on July 17 by the *Hamburger Nachrichten* against Sir Robert Morier have been commeated upon by most of the German papers, which generally agree in regarding them as proceeding from Prince Bismarck himself. The renewal of this personal attack is almost universally condemned. The *Fossische*, for example, says:—

The "Morier-bating" which took place in the latter period of Prince Bismarck's decline, combined with the Geffcken process and the "immediate report," forms one of the most unpleasant recollections of the system which we have now left behind us. If the manager of that system had not, along with his power, lost at the same time his instinct for gauging the state of public opinion, he would in his own interest have avoided a repetition of these unproved suspicions. Things which the German public bore so long as they were believed to be supported by the authority of the Government are now cast aside with just indignation, as such charges only serve to give voice to an offended *amour propre* and to vexation at the loss of power. It may be doubtful which of the charges levelled against Sir R. Morier is the most grotesque—that of his being a spy in French interests, while serving as the English Charge d'Affaires in Germany, that is to say, against the country in which he was officially employed—or the charge of his now supplying the German Press with attacks against Prince Bismarck in order to continue indul

HAY'S HOP ALE ESSENCE

Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

Aerated Water Manufrs. -
Mess Presidents - -
Club Stewards - - -

Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the HOP ALE it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

"A beautiful essence. Has a fine Hop Aroma and is quite a pharmaceutical triumph."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*
"HAY'S HOP ALE.—This is an excellent Non-Alcoholic beverage."—*The Lancet.*
"Aerated Hop Ale made from this essence is unrivalled for its peculiarly fine Hop Flavour and Aroma."
"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale then any non-intoxicants preceding it."
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QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

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Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
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Hay's Ginger Ale Essence, highly concentrated. For 3rd quality Ginger Ale.
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Hay's Lemon Flavour.
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Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

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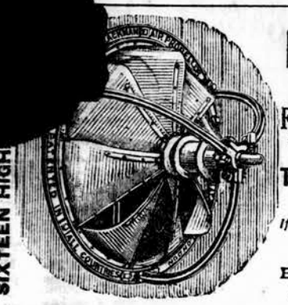

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IMPROVES ... Complexions.
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PREVENTS ... Sea Sickness.
CURES ... Skin diseases.
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CURES ... Rheumatism.
CURES ... Indigestion.
CURES ... Headache.
CURES ... Biliousness.

It is in the form of a Powder, and when mixed with water makes a cooling and refreshing drink.

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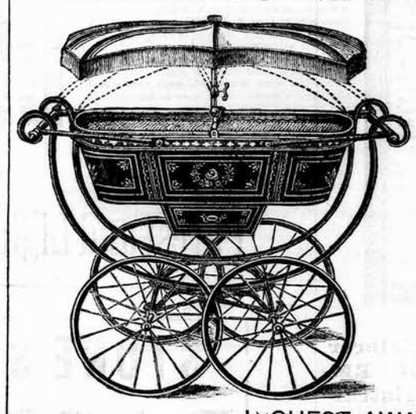

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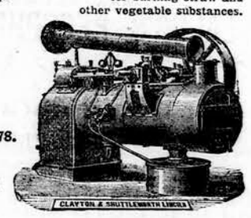

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The only known Drug which CURES A HEADACHE.

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Is to the old-fashioned article what the Railway is to the Dak Gharry.

No bitter from the rind, as it acts on the pulp only. Made of glass it is kept clean as easily as a tumbler. Almost instantaneous in action, a child can use it without soiling the hands.

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Set it upon a tumbler as shown in sketch, cut the lemon in half, place the half lemon upon the points and press downwards, slightly twisting it. The ribs easily enter the pulp, and the juice pours down through the openings into the tumbler. The openings are so small that the pips cannot pass.

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Relieve and cure the most acute and inveterate Neuralgia when all other remedies have failed.

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Have been used for over twenty years with the greatest success by the leading Physicians, in London, Paris and New-York.

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Laureate of the Faculty of Medicine of Paris
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This Solution is the best remedy for curing Rheumatism and articular Pains.

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PREPARED BY

Dr VIVIEN of PARIS

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WITHOUT THE SLIGHTEST NAUSEATING TASTE

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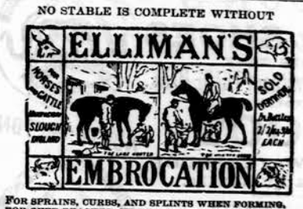

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Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

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Special Blend of the Finest Campbeltown, Islay, and Blended Glenlivets.
Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old. / White " Special Reserve, Extra Old.
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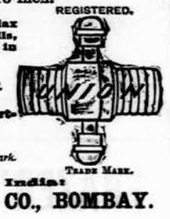

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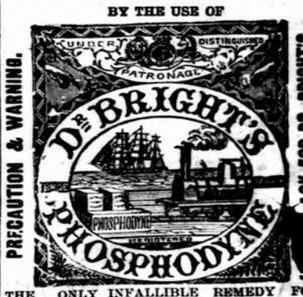

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